USERS always Use and recommend others
ASK FOR INDO-BALM CURES ALL ACHES & PAINS
KARNIK BROS, BOMBAY 4
Stockists: VITHALDAS NARANDAS & CO, BOMBAY 2.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXX NO. 164 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 11, 1942 PRICE: 1½ ANNAS

DENABANK
5 10 20 50 100 AND 250 TOLAS
Small Silver Bars
IDEAL AS A GIFT ENCOURAGES THRIFT
DEVKARAN NANJEE BANKING CO., LTD.

Soviet Withdrawal From Rossosh

NAZIS CUT MOSCOW-ROSTOV RAILWAY

Fate Of Voronezh Hangs On Battle Of Don

MOSCOW, July 10.

The spearhead of Von Bock's army has entered the town of Rossossh on the Moscow-Rostov Railway, 110 miles south of Voronezh, and the Red Army has withdrawn to new defence lines, says "Red Star" on Friday.

The Russians withdrew in good order. Fighting in the region of Rossossh is exceptionally heavy.

The Russian troops are defending themselves in particularly difficult conditions as the Germans are trying to push further east.

The German offensive here began some days ago. After meeting stiff resistance, they outflanked two important Soviet strong points and threatened them from the rear, forcing Soviet withdrawal. They succeeded in penetrating into the depths of Soviet defences, and began to move into Rossossh.

On the Voronezh Front, where German forces succeeded in crossing to the east bank of the River Don, they are now straining every nerve to reach that city. The main forces of the fourth German Army, however, are still pinned down on the Don River. The Soviet air force is constantly destroying pontoon bridges and bombing concentrations of German tanks and infantry.

Hard Job For Red Army

Nearly one million men are fighting to death along 150 miles of more or less continuous front from Voronezh to Rossossh. In the Voronezh region, the Germans have now got enough troops across the Don to be able to give battle on its eastern bank, though the main body of the Fourth German Army under von Kleist is still held west of the river. The action now raging will determine the fate of Voronezh itself—the capture of which was claimed by the Nazis a week ago.

For five days, Marshal Timoshenko has held the line of the Don, despite concentrated German attempts to force a passage.

Near Rossossh, the situation is also serious for Marshal Timoshenko. Faced by superior numbers, the Russians have had to abandon the town thus permitting the Germans to cut the Moscow-Rostov Railway.

Nazi Onslaught Against Don

To-day's Soviet midday 'communique' states: "During the night of July 9, our troops engaged the enemy west of Voronezh and in the neighbourhood of the town of Rossossh. No material change took place in other sectors on front."

A supplement to to-day's Communique says 4,000 Germans were killed in three days' fighting in various sectors of the Kalinin front. Twenty-five tanks and five armoured cars were destroyed. Three Axis attacks were repulsed in one sector west of Voronezh with heavy losses to the Axis. Seven tanks were destroyed and 500 Germans were killed.

Latest frontline despatches speak of fighting in the town of Rossossh, 110 miles south of Voronezh. The Germans are trying to straddle the main Moscow-Rostov Railway further south. The German attack was made from forward positions gained near Kupyansk at the end of June. In the last 48 hours the German onslaught against the Don opposite Voronezh has redoubled in fury.

Latest front reports say that German tanks and infantry have made two crossings of the river. While Soviet artillery and aircraft heavily bombed river crossings, the Germans are using bigger air concentrations than ever to bomb the Russians on the west bank.

According to "Pravda" the Russians are stubbornly holding positions west of Voronezh and the Germans are still failing to get their main forces across the river.

Nazi threat to Moscow-Rostov Railway.

Gujrat's Crusade Against Black Market

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 10.

It is reliably understood, that the reason of shortage of sugar in Gujrat is due to lakhs of sugar bags stored up in Kathiawar godowns and shortage of wagons.

It is estimated, that Kathiawar has stored about 8 lakhs of sugar bags.

A demonstration has been organized by Gujrat Kisan Sabha, Mill Kamdar Union and Students' Union against profiteering and dearness allowance this evening. Sjt. Indulal Yagnik will lead it.

INDIANISATION INDEED!

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, July 10.

I understand that Sir Gurunath Bewoor will be the Secretary to the New Defence Department, under Sir Feroze Khan Noon.

For Posts and Air Department under Sir Mohmed Usman the Government have selected Mr. C. M. Trivedi. This will increase number of Indian Secretaries in Government of India to three.

At present there is only one Indian Secretary, Sir S. N. Roy, though the total number of Secretaries is over twenty in Imperial Secretariat.

BOMBAY-POONA TRAIN SERVICE INTERRUPTED

POONA, July 10.

Train service between Poona and Bombay has been interrupted since yesterday owing, it is understood, to blocking of one of the tracks by a boulder between Karjat and Lonavla. Yesterday trains from Bombay arrived in Poona late. Two trains to Bombay from Poona to-day have been cancelled. The midday train from Bombay for Poona has also been cancelled.

LANDSLIDE DOES IT.

Further enquiries made with the railway authorities here show that the interruption in the railway service was due to a landslide between Lonavla and Karjat. Normal train service has now been rfesumed and the Poona Passenger scheduled to leave Poona at 5-15 p.m. is expected to leave in time. This morning's Bombay-Poona Express arrived here only half an hour late.—A. P.

MAHATMA AT HELM AGAIN

Congress To Present National Demand To United Nations

WARDHA DISCUSSES NEXT STEP: ADVICE TO PEOPLE TO MEET SALT FAMINE: RESOLUTION ON EVACUATION

(FROM "A. P." AND "U. P.")

WARDHAGANJ, July 10.

Latest indications are that the Working Committee's resolution may not be announced, but may be communicated to the authorities and places outside India, Headquarters of the Allied Nations or may be kept pending till the All India Congress Committee meets.

This is the interpretation put in informed circles on Maulana Azad's observations that he may be able to say something after the Working Committee concludes.

NO DETAILED PROGRAMME

As a result of discussions in the Congress Working Committee, Gandhiji's tentative draft is expected to undergo substantial changes.

It is understood that the final draft may not include any detailed programme beyond vesting Gandhiji with the leadership of the Congress campaign and may only mention a mass action, as sanctioned, to be forged in his discretion. It is also possible that further addition or subtractions may be made during the next two days.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President, indicated:—

"Tomorrow I may be in a position to say something. To-day only general discussion is continuing".

Provisionally the leaders are planning to leave on Sunday.

Jawahar's Alternative

The Congress Working Committee had a further three hours' discussion on the draft resolution presented by Mahatma Gandhi on the present political situation.

It is understood that when the Committee met this afternoon Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru presented an alternative resolution which defined more clearly the meaning of Mahatma Gandhi's demand for the British withdrawal and the stages by which this object is to be achieved.

Discussions, it is understood, centred round the new draft but, according to informed circles, it is doubtful whether Pandit Nehru's draft will be accepted by the Committee. It may be that Mahatma Gandhi himself might accept some of the suggestions contained in Pandit Nehru's draft, particularly the one regarding making the demand for British withdrawal more specific and clearer than has been the case hitherto.

The Committee meets again tomorrow when it is expected that the resolution will be released to the press.

Mahatma's Draft Holds Field

On the main political and war issue, Gandhiji's draft holds the field and discussions are continuing. There is an assured majority for the draft which may be adopted unanimously after every member has satisfied himself with regard to the implications of the various issues raised therein.

Broadly, the resolution asks for complete withdrawal of British power from India and reiterates the Wardha and Bardoli resolutions, that only a free India can be in a position to defend the country and help the Allies effectively, and requests Gandhiji to assume leadership at this juncture.

Another Chance To Britain

It is also understood that the draft resolution, besides urging the withdrawal of British power from India to enable the Indians to defend their country, suggests to the Allied Powers in their common interests and cause to see that the Indian national demand is accepted.

At the afternoon session of the Congress Working Committee at Sevagram, it is understood Gandhiji further explained the implications of his draft resolution and how it was intended to help the cause of China and other Allied Powers if once the Indian demand for complete freedom was conceded without delay. A mass action would follow only if the demand was not conceded and in the manner decided upon by him later.

It is understood Gandhiji emphasised that after the failure of the Cripps' Mission, the policy of non-embarrassment would be no more a "virtue". Other members also participated in the discussions which lasted only for two hours.

Instructions To People

The morning session was devoted to a discussion of the resolution on the subject of evacuation of lands and buildings and requisitioning of transport vehicles in several places.

The Congress Working Committee has issued a series of instructions for the guidance of the people who are affected on account of evacuation or other orders involving loss, either temporary or permanent, of landed property, motor vehicles, and boats. The following is the text of the resolution.

"Whereas complaints have been received from various places regarding Government orders for evacuation of villages, lands and buildings without due notice and proper compensation, seizure and destruction of country boats even where life is impossible without them, requisition of cycles, motor vehicles and carts without proper compensation and without regard for the needs of civil population, the Working Committee deem it necessary to issue the following instructions for the guidance of the people concerned and hope that the Government will take immediate and necessary steps to remove grievances and that people will carry out their instructions as circumstances demand, provided that in all cases before the final decision to disobey an order or resist any measure is taken, all possible avenues of negotiations and relief through negotiations shall be thoroughly explored."

BASIS OF COMPENSATION

With regard to evacuation and other orders involving loss, either temporary or permanent, of landed property of any kind full compensation should be demanded. In fixing compensation the factors to be taken into consideration are the value of land and crops, inconvenience and expense likely to be caused to the holder of the land by having to move to another place, and difficulty and delay likely to be involved in obtaining other land, where a dispossessed landholder could settle.

Wherever possible arrangement should be made for providing other land to agriculturists where their agricultural land is acquir-

(Continued On Page 7)

JAP FORCE ROUTED

CHUNGKING, July 10.

Japanese forces south of Nanchang who attempted to advance westward along the railway has been routed by the Chinese after a three-day battle, according to to-night's war 'communique'. The Japanese are stated to be in full retreat and are falling back eastwards towards Linchwan.—Reuter.

BIG NAVY BILL

Mammoth Expansion Programme

WASHINGTON, July 10.

President Roosevelt to-day (Friday) signed a record 850 million dollar Naval Expansion Bill, which authorises the construction of over 500 long-range combatant vessels, notably aircraft-carriers as well as 1,000 submarine chasers and torpedo-boats.

Of the total appropriation, 750 million dollars will go for the construction of 500,000 tons of aircraft-carriers, 500,000 tons of cruisers and 900,000 tons of destroyers and escorts. The remainder will be devoted to patrol-boats, whose main mission will be to combat the submarine menace. This is the largest single naval expansion programme ever undertaken by any nation in the world. The President also signed to-day a second bill calling for the construction of 1,200,000 ton naval auxiliary vessels.

RICE CONFERENCE PROPOSALS

NEW DELHI, July 10.

A conference on rice convened by the Government of India was held here to-day, Mr. N. R. Sarkar, Member for Education, Health and Lands, presiding.

The general sense of the Conference is believed to have been that the rice situation was on the whole satisfactory and that the people's needs would be met. The possibility, however, was recognised that as a result of the Grow More Food campaign and transport difficulties, some parts of the country might accumulate a surplus, which might depress prices. The view favoured at the Conference was that the Government should come to the cultivators' rescue by purchasing such surplus. The agency through which such purchase should be made and arrangements for storage are understood to have been considered.—A. P.

22 MILLION WORK ON U. S. WAR OUTPUT

(From Our Correspondent)

WASHINGTON, July 10.

An army of 11,000,000 working men and women is now engaged exclusively in the task of supplying planes, ships, guns and tanks, said the U. S. Secretary of Labour, Miss Perkins. Soon this number will be increased to 22,000,000 working around the clock.

The speed of production of ship cowls will be more than doubled by the stamping process made possible by the inauguration of the world's largest die stamping press which will begin work this month at a West coast factory.

STOP PRESS

NEW YORK COTTON

To-day's closing ..	19.33
Difference ..	—15

BROACH EXPECTATION

July|August Rs. 213.

Broomfield Award For B. E. S. T. Workers

PARTIAL CONCESSION OF DEMANDS

Consolidated Pay And Textile Standard Of War Allowance

The Broomfield Award in the B. E. S. T. Workers' dispute, which is published, makes partial concession to the demands put forward on behalf of the workers.

Two of the more important recommendations are, first that the old dearness allowance should be considered as part of the pay in calculating bonuses and, second, that the present war allowance should be put on a par with that, granted by the Millowners Association to the textile workers in the city. The new rate of allowance should be payable from the month of May.

A Government of Bombay Gazette Extraordinary issued on Friday publishes the Award of the Hon. Sir Robert Broomfield as adjudicator in the dispute between the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramway's Company Ltd. and its employees.

Sir Robert Broomfield was appointed Adjudicator on 29th May following the declaration of the strike by the B.E.S.T. workers the previous day on the expiry of the strike notice. The order of appointment directed him that he should "as far as possible exercise the powers and follow the procedure of a Board of Conciliation under the Trade Disputes Act of 1929, and the Bombay Trade Disputes Rules, 1930."

Mr. S. C. Joshi, Miss Shanta Bhalerao and Mr. H. Rasool represented the case of the B.E.S.T. Traffic Union, Messrs. Purshottam Tricumdas, N. T. Shroff and M. Harris, the B.E.S.T. Workers Union, Messrs. V. H. Joshi, Gopal Rajaram and Baburao Laxman, the B.E.S.T. Tramwaymen's Union, and Messrs. F. M. Bharucha and S. Mhatre for certain non-Union men. The Company was represented by Sir Jamshedji Kanga and Messrs. A. S. Trollip and F. Hulton.

Recommendations

After discussing the circumstances leading to the strike and the nature of the demands submitted by the respective organisations, Sir Robert Broomfield makes the following recommendations:-

Bonus

In future the old war allowance should be treated as part of pay in the calculation of bonuses. (In principle this should apply to all employees, but as those engaged prior to 1934 enjoy higher scales of pay and 'buxis' it would not be unfair if this concession were to be held inapplicable to them.)

Leave With Pay

The practice of giving leave pay in lieu of leave with pay should be discontinued. All those entitled under the present rules either to leave with pay or leave pay for 15 days should be given leave with pay for that period. This leave should be allowed to be accumulated for a period of three years.

Weekly Off-days

The calling up of employees for duty on their off-days should be avoided as far as possible. If it is unavoidable, payment should be at the present rates plus one-fourth for work which is less than full duty. For each full duty worked on an off-day payment should be at the present rates, but the employee should be allowed in addition one day's leave on half pay to be added to his leave account. The above is subject to the proviso that the off-day is duly earned under the rules.

Dearness Allowance

The scale in force up to the end of April 1942 should be extended so as to cover the same cost of living index numbers as the scale now sanctioned by the Millowners' Association. The rates for the index numbers above 135 should be worked out so that they bear a similar proportion to the Millowners' Association rates as in the case of the index numbers below 135. (Statement Exhibit R shows the figures worked out up to index No. 143). The allowance should be paid at these rates with effect from May 1942, deducting what has been paid already.

Financial Effect Of The Recommendations.

46. The Company estimates that the cost of paying dearness allowance on the proposed new scale at the rate of Rs. 6-4-0 (the cost of living index for May 1942 being 142) will amount to Rs. 55,000. The cost of living may go up of course. On the other hand it may fall. The cost of the other recommendations it is impossible to estimate exactly. The effect of consolidating war allowance with pay for the purpose of bonus naturally depends on the amount of the bonuses. The increase will be 25 per cent or 17 per cent as the case might be, but, as pointed out in the preceding paragraph, it might be limited to the case of those employed after 1934. As regards leave, those employees who will now get leave with pay instead of leave pay will presumably have to be replaced. But whatever extra cost may be caused by this must be very largely money which the Company formerly saved by an unsatisfactory system.

47. The cost of my recommendations about weekly off-days will be considerable. I have dealt with this matter already in

(Continued On Page 7)

Rommel Pushed Northward

Enemy Transports Attacked In Battle Area: Air Assaults On Malta

CAIRO, July 10.

The joint Middle East war Communique issued at midday on Friday states: "In the southern sector, our mobile columns engaged enemy forces including tanks and forced them to move northwards. Normal artillery and patrol activity continues in other sectors.

Our fighter bombers in the battle area attacked enemy transport vehicles, of which more than fifty were totally destroyed. Enemy air activity was on a reduced scale.

U.S.A. army aircraft heavy bombers operating over the Mediterranean shot down two enemy fighters, which attempted to intercept.

OVER MALTA.

During July 8 and 9 Axis air attacks on Malta were continued. Our fighters destroyed three enemy aircraft and two others were shot down by night aircraft and anti-aircraft fire.

From these operations three of our aircraft are missing.

Best Target

The best target in the western desert yesterday again a "fighter bomber day"—was some 2,000 enemy motor transport vehicles caught by the R.A.F. during the morning, it is officially stated. It was effectively bombed.

"Nothing comparable in size was seen again until late in the day when another big concentration was similarly attacked." Fiftyfive enemy transport vehicles are known to have been totally destroyed during the day.

"Because of the heavy bombing during the past few days the enemy has been forced to disperse his transport over a wide area of the desert."—Reuter.

MORE AXIS TROOPS FOR ROMMEL

ANKARA, July 10.

More German troops are reported to have arrived in Greece from Yugoslavia bound for Crete and Libya.

Crete is more strongly fortified than ever. One German Division and air corps are stationed there.—Reuter.

Rommel To Confer With Hitler?

LONDON, July 10.

A dispatch to the Independent French News Agency on Thursday quoting reports from Germany says that Field Marshal Rommel is on his way to Hitler's Headquarters in Russia. The Germans emphasise that Field-Marshal Rommel is receiving important reinforcements from Russia, according to the despatch.—Reuter.

Greece Enters Lend-Lease Agreement

WASHINGTON, July 10.

Master Lend-Lease Agreement between Greece and the United States similar to those concluded with Britain and other United Nations was signed here to-day (Friday) by Mr. Cordell Hull, United States Secretary of the State and the Greek Prime Minister M. Tlouderos.—Reuter.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—Box No. (——) "The Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc. will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

1. PERSONAL ADLETS

R.J.F., Interested. Please phone 'Junior' at 20659 at 3 p.m. To-day (16529)

Ladies and Gentlemen desiring to join the Social Contact Circle, please write for particulars to Secretary, 74, Dossa House, Gunbow Street, Fort, Bombay. (Correspondence from the members of His Majesty's forces will not be entertained). (16521)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted for the Bombay Branch of a Life Office of very old standing 4 Inspectors of Agencies for Bombay City and Suburbs. Salary Rs. 100/- to Rs. 150/- p. m. according to business expectations. Apply Box No. 9009, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—A Store-keeper having experience of Hotel and restaurant work. Apply with references to P.O. Box 416, Bombay. (16524)

Wanted for the Bombay Branch of an old established Life Office a Superintendent of Agencies for Bombay City and Suburbs on Rs. 200/- p. m. or more according to merits. Apply Box No. 9008, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Manager for Ice Factory outside Bombay, experience with some Engineering Refrigeration Knowledge preferred. Apply Box No. 16487, "Bombay Chronicle."

Everybody secure Government Service learning Telegraphy. Session begins. Typewriting monthly Re. 1/-. Arrangement for Ladies. National Typewriting Institution, Dwarkadas Mansions, Sandhurst Road (Marwadi Vidyalaya). (16485)

Wanted: 250 Candidates for Railway Services as Guards; Station Masters, Signallers, Ticket-Collectors, etc. Period of training 4-5 months. Free quarter. Railway fare paid. Scholarship Rs. 80/-. Apply with -/1/6 to Director, All-India Railway Commercial and Telegraph School, Daryaganj, Delhi. (16513)

Wanted a B.A. or B.Sc., B.T. to teach Mathematics in higher classes. Apply with testimonials to the Principal, G. T. High School, Bombay 2, before 12th July. (16518)

62. TO BE LET.

Khar: For Hindoo Vegetarians only. Self-contained block of four rooms. Rent Rs. 35/-. Apply H. B. Divanji 15th Road, Khar. (16522)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Alexandra College of Commerce The oldest and most successful of its kind providing best education for Higher Diploma Courses. Join immediately as only limited number of students are enrolled. Success guaranteed. Prospect Chambers, Hornby Road. (16830)

Hewett Engineering School, Jagat Narain Road, Lucknow. Recognised by U.P., C.P., Assam, N.-W.F. Prov. & Baluchistan Govts., M.E.S., Railways and 67 States. Applications from Inter & Matric candidates invited for Overseer July, 1942 Class. U. P. Govt. award Certificates. Record Results 80%. Highly qualified Staff. Hostel arrangements. Employment facilities. Nine merit scholarships. Free Prospectus from Principal. (8876)

174. BOOKS

Textile Directory. Book advance copies and advertise in "All India Textile Year Book & Directory." (in print) Rs. 4/-. Approved by Govt. as fit for Govt. advertisements. Wanted canvassing agents. All-India City Guide Publishers, Coimbatore. 16511

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:

	Per Column inch per insertion
1st Insertion	Rs 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs 6-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST

TENDERS will be received up to 1 p.m. (S.T.) on WEDNESDAY, the 29th July, 1942, for the supply, at the Port Trust stores, Mazagon, Bombay, No. 10, of 28,000 Feet Conduits Electrical, Steel, Welded, Black Enamelled and Fittings.

Tender forms giving full particulars can be obtained from the office of the undersigned on payment of Re. 1/- per copy in advance.

W. J. WILSON,
Controller of Stores.

Mazagon, Bombay No. 10.
8th July, 1942. (9021)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for Apprentice Draftsmen for the Engineering Department. Period of training one year. Salary Rs. 50 per month plus local allowance if stationed in Bombay.

Minimum qualifications, passed Matriculation. Preference will be given to candidates holding technical, and drawing office, qualifications.

Age, not less than 18 years, or more than 25 years.

Applications, with copies of testimonials, should reach the Chief Engineer, B. B. & C. I. Railway, Churchgate, Bombay, on Monday, 27th July. 8995

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Eye Cataract; Dimness; Cuts improves sight. Wasting time to Doctors, Hospitals. Write with stamp G. M. Makwana Malad. (16345)

'Santanprapti' Ends Barrenship Rs. 25/-, 'Shaktida' gives energetic vitality Rs. 5/-, 'Rutumati' continues stopped menstruation Rs. 5/-. Dalvi Pharmacy, 706, Raipur, Ahmedabad. 16506

303. MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted two second-hand Haulage Steam Engines, 12" cylinder, 24" stroke, double or single drum, 5 ft. diameter, post brakes, gearing 4 to 1 and one of 10" cylinder, 16" stroke, double or single drum, 5 ft. diameter, post brakes, gearing 4 to 1, in perfect working order. Write with full particulars and prices to P.O. Box No. 416, Bombay. (16523)

322. MACHINERY FOR SALE

A. C. and D. C. Electric Motors 1/4 to 15 H. P. Switchgear, Pumping Sets, Converters and other Electrical Material. Send enquiries to Eastern (Sales) Ltd., Phoenix Building, Ballard Estate, Bombay. 8983

For Sale One Complete Cotton Baling Press in perfect working order. For particulars apply Box No. 16497, "Bombay Chronicle."

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Rupees hundred advanced immediately to all employees and businessmen on Personal Bond only. Capital Investment Company, Room 56, Bombay Mutual Building, Hornby Road. (16533)

592. NEEDLEWORK

Women's Needle Art Institute (Regd.) Nawab House, opp. Thos. Cook's. Please note that all Needle Art and Scientific Dress Making is taught to you and Diploma awarded when perfect. Poor Girls taught Free. Full particulars. Apply Institute. (16534)

651 MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Chemical Laboratory Furnishers please apply to Tata Chemicals Ltd., Mithapur, Kathiawar. (9022)

652. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Enquiries solicited for purchase of asbestos fibre crude and washed and wool—can supply any quantity direct from mines and from Calcutta stock. 150 tons Ready for immediate delivery. Prices attractive. Special concessions to regular purchasers. Please apply Box No. 16525, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wholesale consumers in tea who like to buy Tea direct from garden are requested to correspond with S. C. Bagcho & Co., Jalpaiguri (Bengal). (16371)

Why use new wire nails for packing and building when second-hand ones serve same purpose and cost half as much. Buy to-day. Nagree & Co., 50, Old Custom House Road, Bombay. Telephone 30378. (16512)

'Bhavisyodaya Charm' Rs. 5/- means Protection, Promotion, Happiness, Attraction, Fulfilment of Desires. Professor, Ishwarprasad Joshi, 706, Raipur, Ahmedabad. 16505

Public Notices

THE BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, LTD.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy No. 49226 on the life of Mr. Nathalal Kanji Duvani a duplicate policy will be issued unless objection is filed with the undersigned within one month from date.

H. H. MISTRY,
Secretary.

Bombay Mutual Building,
Fort, Bombay.
Date: 11th July, 1942. (9037)

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

IN PURSUANCE of a requisition received under Section 36(d) of the Municipal Act, for calling a Special Meeting of the Corporation to consider the situation arising out of the growing increase in the prices of food-stuffs, etc., and a proposal for raising a loan to set up a Municipal organization for obtaining and distributing food supplies in the City, etc., a SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CORPORATION will be held in the Municipal Office on MONDAY, THE 20TH JULY, 1942, at 3 P.M. (Bombay Time).

My Order of His Worship
the Mayor,
B. V. MODY,
Ag. Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 10th July, 1942. (9032)

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS on prescribed forms are invited from British subjects (including subjects of Indian States) for the following posts in the Office of the Indian Listener, All-India Radio:—

(a) ASSISTANT EDITOR (300-15-450 p. m.)
(b) SUB-EDITOR (150-10-300 p.m.)
(c) REVISER (150 p. m.)

QUALIFICATIONS.

(a) Assistant Editor:—Candidates must have experience of magazine lay-out, selection of pictures for blocks, and sub-editing. They must be capable of producing original "copy", articles, short notes, etc., in irreproachable English and attractive style. Candidates will be expected to be acquainted with modern typography, process work, etc. Knowledge of Hindi and Urdu desirable. Good academic record. Age 25-40 years.

(b) Sub-Editor: — Candidates must be experienced, quick and accurate sub-editors with a thorough knowledge of English. They should know and have experience of magazine make-up, typography and proof reading. Age preferably under 30 years.

(c) Reviser:—Candidates must possess at least three years' experience as head proof-readers with a reputable press, and should be familiar with modern typographical styles. They must be strong in English, Urdu and Hindi. Wide general knowledge, and quickness at spotting errors in proofs without the aid of "copy" essential.

Applications should be accompanied by a treasury receipt of Rs. 5/- in the case of Assistant Editor, and Rs. 3/- in the case of Sub Editor or Reviser, and should reach the undersigned not later than the 15th August, 1942. Application forms can be obtained free of charge from:—

THE CONTROLLER OF BROADCASTING,
5, Sikandra Road,
NEW DELHI.

When asking for forms candidates should specify the post for which they intend to apply. (8969)

SHREE SAJJAN MILLS, LIMITED, RATLAM

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWELFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company, will be held on SATURDAY, 25th July, 1942, at 3-30 P. M. (S. T.) at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 28, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet and Profit & Loss Account for the year ended 31st March, 1942.
2. To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.
3. To appoint Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, under Article III but are eligible and offer themselves for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
5. To transact such other business the chairman may bring before the meeting.

The SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, 18th July, 1942, to SATURDAY 1st August, 1942, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board.
For GOPALDAS LILADHAR & CO., LTD.,
MOOLJI DAYAL,
Director.
Managing Agents.

RATLAM,
Dated, 26th June, 1942.

N. B.—The Dividend when sanctioned will be made payable at the Mills premises, Ratlam on and after 3rd August, 1942, between the hours of 11 and 4 P. M. (S. T.) to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register on 17th July, 1942. 8992

Public Notices

NOTICE

TATA CHEMICALS LIMITED

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the posts of Chemists at the Works of Tata Chemicals Ltd., in Mithapur, Kathiawad.

The service is divided into three divisions:—

(a) Analytical;
(b) Works; and
(c) Research.

QUALIFICATIONS:—

(a) Candidates for the Analytical Division should be Graduates in Science with Chemistry as their principal subject.
(b) Candidates for the Works Division should be Graduates in Science or Technology with high qualifications.
(c) Candidates for the Research Division must be M.Sc. or M.Sc. (Tech.) Graduates.

SALARIES:—

(a) ANALYTICAL DIVISION:—
(i) Junior Chemists and Junior Analytical Chemists in the grade of Rs. 85-5-125.
(ii) Senior Analytical Chemists in the grade of Rs. 130-10-250.
(iii) Deputy Chief Analyst in the grade of Rs. 300-10-400.
(iv) Chief Analyst in the grade of Rs. 450-25-600.

(b) WORKS DIVISION:—
(i) Junior operating Chemists in the grade of Rs. 85-5-125.
(ii) Senior Operating Chemists and Chemical Engineers in the grade of Rs. 130-10-200.
(iii) Foreman Chemists in the grade of Rs. 210-15-300.
(iv) Deputy Superintendent in the grade of Rs. 400-25-600.
(v) Superintendent in the grade of Rs. 600-50-1,200.

(c) RESEARCH DIVISION:—
(i) Junior Research Chemists in the grade of Rs. 120-10-200.
(ii) Senior Research Chemists in the grade of Rs. 210-15-300.
(iii) Deputy Chief Research Chemist in the grade of Rs. 350-20-450.
(iv) Chief Research Chemist in the grade of Rs. 550-50-800.

Selected candidates will be required to serve on probation for one year.

The grade and initial salary of each selected candidate will be fixed according to his qualifications and previous experience.

Any canvassing in favour of his application will immediately disqualify a candidate.

Applications will be received up to 31st July, 1942, and should be sent to Tata Chemicals Ltd., Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay. (9024)

NOTICE

TATA CHEMICALS LIMITED.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for posts in the Engineering Department of the Company's Works at Mithapur, Kathiawad, from Mechanical Engineers and Electrical Engineers.

QUALIFICATIONS:

(a) Mechanical Engineers should have a degree or diploma of a recognised University or Institution in Mechanical Engineering with practical Works experience.
(b) Electrical Engineers should have a degree or diploma of a recognised University or Institution in Electrical Engineering with practical Works experience.

SALARIES:

(a) Junior Mechanical and Electrical Engineers in the grade of Rs. 90-10-150.
(b) Senior Mechanical and Electrical Engineers in the grade of Rs. 250-25-500.

Selected candidates will be required to serve on probation for one year.

The grade and initial salary of each selected candidate will be fixed according to his qualifications and previous experience.

Any canvassing in favour of his application will immediately disqualify a candidate.

Applications will be received upto 31st July, 1942, and should be sent to Tata Chemicals Ltd., Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay. (9025)

G.I.P. RAILWAY.

WANTED.

A. R. P. INSTRUCTORS, who have qualified as Class I, II or III Instructors in the Civil Defence Instructors School at Calcutta or in the Provincial A.R.P. Training School at Bombay.

Employment will be temporary for the duration of the war. Pay according to qualifications and experience, subject to the following maximum rates:—

Class I Instructor .. Rs. 150 p.m.
Class II Instructor .. Rs. 120 p.m.
Class III Instructor .. Rs. 100 p.m.

Selected candidates will be required to serve at any station on the Railway.

Applicants should apply in person with original certificates to the A.R.P. Officer, G. I. P. Rly., General Manager's Office, Victoria Terminus. (9033)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEFENCE DEPARTMENT
I.S.D. INSPECTION CIRCLE
BOMBAY.

WANTED

(A) ASST. INSPECTING OFFICERS (General Engineering).
(B) ASST. INSPECTING OFFICERS (Diesel Plant and Steam Plant).

Candidates should have general education and sound knowledge of fundamentals of Engineering Theory and design. They should have served apprenticeship or received practical training for five years in an Engineering workshop of repute engaged in General Engineering Diesel plant and Steam plant and should either (i) have had further practical General Engineering Diesel Plant and Steam Plant experience for not less than 5 years or (ii) have Civil Mechanical Electrical degree.

Pay Rs. 350-500 or Rs. 500-650 for persons already in Government service entitled to old rates of pay. Age limit 35, which may be relaxed in special cases. CERTAIN NUMBER OF POSTS ARE RESERVED FOR MUSLIMS.

Application forms obtainable on payment of Rs. 2/- in cash or by Money Order only. Name and full address of the applicant should be written in Block letters. No postage stamps will be accepted.

CONTROLLER OF INSPECTION
Ballard Estate, Bombay. (8980)

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of the Policy numbered 457977 on the Life of Kalidas Mohanlal Pancholi of Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company, Limited, Duplicate Policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

H. E. JONES,
Manager.

Bombay, 11th July 1942. (16831)

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy numbered 123901 on the life of Purshottam Waman Pradhan of Bombay. Duplicate Policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

(Sd.) H. E. JONES,
Manager.

Bombay, 11th July 1942. (16832)

NOTICE

IMPORT OF NON-FERROUS METALS.

TO FACILITATE co-ordination with the Non-Ferrous Metals Control in the United Kingdom importers of non-ferrous metals or alloys, in any form, whether virgin, semi manufactured, manufactured or scrap, should refer their demands in the first instance to the Deputy Director of Metals (Non-Ferrous), Directorate General of Munitions Production, 5, Esplanade East, Calcutta. The reference should state precisely the purpose for which the metals are required.

2. Approved demands will be referred to the Non-Ferrous Metals Controller in the United Kingdom, who will indicate where the purchases are to be made. This information will be conveyed to intending purchasers, who will then be at liberty to conduct all further negotiations direct.

3. No non-ferrous metal will be released by the Controller in the United Kingdom without a recommendation from the Director General of Munitions Production (Non-Ferrous Metals Controller in India). This recommendation will not be issued unless the demand is fully justified.

4. It is pointed out that in addition, import licences should be obtained for the import of all non-ferrous metals into India. Applications for the import of the following metals should be made to the Deputy Steel Import Controller, 7, Wellesley Place, Calcutta, accompanied by a recommendation from the Non-Ferrous Metals Controller in India.

Nickel, including nickel scrap; zinc or spelter, including zinc scrap; lead, wrought, for example pipes, lead tubes and sheets other than sheets for tea chests; tin, block, brass, bronze and similar alloys, wrought, or in the form of scrap; copper unwrought, wrought, or in the form of scrap; all alloys of copper, and scrap of such alloys.

5. For other Non-Ferrous Metals and for other manufactures of the metals mentioned above, applications for import licences should be made to the Chief Controller of Imports, New Delhi, accompanied by a recommendation from the Non-Ferrous Metals Controller in India.

J. M. SHRINAGESH,
Deputy Secretary to the Government of India,
Department of Supply,
CALCUTTA. (8982)

Public Notices

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

WANTED temporary clerks. Candidates must be over 18 and under 28 years of age. Initial pay Rs. 62/- with increment after 12 months' continuous service in the grade of Rs. 45-50-4-70-5-150 plus local allowance at stations where it is admissible to permanent clerks. No field service liability for temporary clerks. Free conveyance for self (single inter class fare) from place of residence to place of duty, will be admissible on appointment. Candidates of exceptional merit will be considered for permanent appointment in due course.

QUALIFICATION: University degree, except for Muslims who should at least have passed Intermediate Examination.

Apply with copies of testimonials, Intermediate or University Certificates and evidence of age to the Controller of Military Accounts, Southern Army, Poona or Controller of Naval Accounts, Bombay. (9014)

DEFENCE DEPARTMENT

I.S.D. INSPECTION CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

WANTED.

(A) EXAMINERS OF STORES (TEXTILES): — Candidates should have had a good general education and should possess a sound knowledge of the fundamentals of textile technology. They should also have had general training for not less than two years which embraced all the important sections of textiles manufacture in a modern cotton or woollen mill and either (a) have had further practical experience for a period of three years in a textile mill or (b) possess a Textile Diploma equivalent to the L.T.M., Bombay. Pay Rs. 150-200 according to qualifications.

(B) SUPERVISERS OF TEXTILES.—Candidates should have had a good general education and should possess a sound knowledge of the fundamentals of textile technology, must have had a practical training for not less than six months which embraced important sections of Textile manufacture in a modern cotton or woollen mill and possess a Textile Diploma equivalent to L. T. M., Bombay. Practical knowledge of spinning and weaving is essential. Pay Rs. 90-120 according to qualifications.

(C) ASSISTANT SUPERVISORS OF TEXTILES:—Candidates should hold a School Leaving Certificate of an Indian University (this condition may be relaxed in special cases) and should have six months' practical experience of working in a textile mill. Technical Education will be considered as an additional qualification. Pay Rs. 65/-.

A GOOD NUMBER OF POSTS RESERVED FOR MUSLIMS AND OTHER MINORITY COMMUNITIES ARE VACANT.

Application forms may be obtained from the undersigned on payment of Re. 1/- in cash or by money order giving name and address of the applicant in BLOCK CAPITAL LETTERS on the coupon. No postage stamps will be accepted. Applications should be submitted immediately.

CONTROLLER OF INSPECTION. (9030)

NOTICE

WANTED—A Class II Assistant for the Indian Lac Research Institute, Namkum, for three years in the first instance. Pay in the scale of Rs. 150-150-10-200 (E.B.)-15-305 with free unfurnished quarters or a house rent allowance of 10% of the pay in lieu thereof. The candidate must at least be an M.Sc. in Zoology with research experience in Entomology.

Applications and copies of testimonials in triplicate should be addressed to the Director, Indian Lac Research Institute, P. O. Namkum, Ranchi, and should reach him by the 18th July, 1942.

L. SEN,
Secretary,
Indian Lac Cess Committee,
P.O. Namkum, Ranchi. (9028)

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

INSOLVENCY NO. 108 OF 1942.

Re: LALL CHAND JAIN, residing at Fort, Bombay, formerly carrying on business in the name and style of L. C. Jain & Co., and now an employee in Continental Traders Co., Ltd., at Bazar Gate, Fort, Bombay: A Debtor.

Ex parte: (1) Mirzamulji Poddar & Co., a firm, (2) Mirzamul Poddar, and (3) Ramnarayan Poddar. .. Petitioning Creditors.

On the 7th day of July, 1942, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor an Insolvent.

Dated this 10th day of July, 1942.

S. S. RANGNEKAR,
Insolvency Registrar. (9036)

Public Notice

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a Professor in the Grade of Rs. 700-50-2-1,000 for the department of Islamic Studies and Culture of this University.

Selected candidate will be on probation for two years. Ordinarily the appointment shall be made for five years, after which it may be renewed or made permanent.

The Professor shall have the benefit of the University Provident Fund and shall be subject to such instructions and rules regarding Leave, Residence, and Retirement as may be framed by the Senate from time to time.

Candidates may state if they are prepared to accept the initial salary of the post, and if not, what minimum salary they expect.

Applicants should state their age and full particular of their academic qualifications and experience in teaching and research in their applications which should be accompanied by a precis of the particulars to be furnished in a statement form which may be had from the undersigned.

Applications with copies of testimonials (which will not be returned) must reach the undersigned on or before the 31st July, 1942.

N. B.—Applicants may be required to appear before the Selection Committee for which no expenses will be paid by the University.

REGISTRAR.

Senate House,
The 7th July, 1942. (9031)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 1864 of 1930
KUMAR RAMCHANDRA . Plaintiff
vs.
KHIMJI TEJPAL ..... Defendant
and
Suit No. 1865 of 1930
VASANT RAMCHANDRA Plaintiff
vs.
KHIMJI TEJPAL ..... Defendant
and
Suit No. 1866 of 1930
MADHU RAMCHANDRA Plaintiff
vs.
KHIMJI TEJPAL ..... Defendant.

PURSUANT TO ORDER, dated the 23rd February, 1937 and Judge's Order, dated 11th July, 1941, the following immovable properties will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on Monday 27th July, 1942 at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.)

PARTICULARS

All those pieces of land at Mouje Chikalthan in Chalisgaon Taluka in the East Khandesh District with the wells and trees thereon, bearing the following:—

Survey No. Hisa No. 126, 127, 128/2, 129, 134, 153/3, 183, 184, 189, 190, Area, Acre Gunthas, 3-9, 3-9, 0-37, 1-37, 10-36, 2-13, 11-27, 14-17, 18-3, 4-28. Field No. 190, 191, 193, 194, 199, 234, 283, 284, 289, 290.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs Pandia and Co., Attorneys for the plaintiffs abovenamed at Hamam House, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 5th day of June, 1942.

(Sd.) ARMAND F. SEQUEIRA,
Commissioner. 9026

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MR. ABDULLA HAJI MOTORWALA, of Bombay Muslim Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client free from all encumbrances:—

That any person or persons having any claim, right title and interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, charge, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, easement or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 36, Tamarind Lane Fort, Bombay, within FOURTEEN DAYS from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim, and the same if any, will be considered as waived

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land of the leasehold tenure situate at Sydenham Road Estate of Scheme No. 37 of the Bombay Municipality situate, lying and being at the junction of Parel Road and Chunam Kiln Road being plot No. 7 of the Sydenham Road Estate of the Bombay Municipality together with the hereditaments and messuages and tenements standing thereon and containing by admeasurement 301 square yards or thereabouts within the Registration Sub-district of Bombay which piece of land forms portion of New Survey No. 3038 and bears Cadastral Survey No. 7/1288 of Mandvi Division and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under B Wards Nos. 2215 and 2216, Street Nos. 317-321 & 46-46D and bounded on the North by Plot No. 6 of the Bombay Municipality, on the East by Municipal land on the South by Chunam Kiln St. and on the West by Sir Ibrahim Rahimtulla Road.

Dated this 10th day of July, 1942
GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys
9034

Digitized by financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

Auction Sales

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) Property of a European gentleman W. Green, Esqr., and other at Babulal Mansion Chowpatty Seaface, of complete household and office furniture, Godrej, Austrian, Allwyn and other fire-proof safes, steel cupboards, Portable and standard typewriters Singer machine, Elec. table fan and lamps, dining-table, chairs, side board, cabinets, silver show case book cases, modern chesterfield sets, roll top writing table, dressing tables, modern almyrahs, centre table and teapoys, bed with box mattress, H. M. V. Gramophone, steel cash box, carpets, glass-crockery, and etc. T. No. 40213, VORA & CO.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF PROPERTY SITUATE AT PINJRAPOLE, BHULESHWAR.

By order of the Official Assignee of Bombay and Assignee of the estate and effects of the Insolvent Goswami Shri Vallabhlalji Ranchhodlalji Maharaj and with the consent of Ratilal Mohandas Parekh and Bai Narbada Ratilal Parekh the mortgagees, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on Monday 27th July 1942, at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) 'on site' the right title and interest of the Insolvent abovenamed and of the said mortgagees in the undermentioned property.

All that piece of land (Pension and Tax redeemed) together with the building standing thereon, situate near Pinjrapole on the north side of Bhuleshwar Road, admeasuring about 140 sq. yds. and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 2851 of Bhuleshwar Division, Municipal 'C' Ward Nos. 5138 (2) and 5139. Old Street Nos. 233, 237-239 and New Street Nos. 182-184 and bounded on the west by the house of Sadanand Shrikrishna on the East by Pinjrapole Street and Mr. Matubhai Kassanbhai's property, on the north by Mr. Matubhai Kassanbhai's range of chawls and on the south by Bhuleshwar Road.

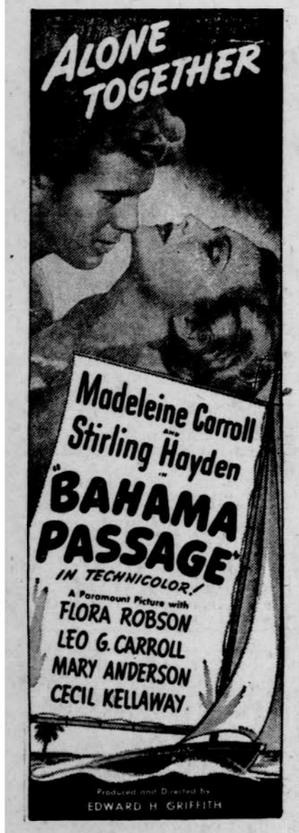
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs Bhaishanker Kanga and Girdharlal, Solicitors or to

BONAFIDE AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE GOLD, DIAMOND AND PEARL JEWELLERY

By order of Messrs. Wadia Ghandy & Co., Attorneys for Sorabji Dosabhai Navsariwalla and Festonji Bomanji Surveyor Administrators of the estate of the late Mr. Dhunjibhoy Cawasji Navsariwalla, Messrs. Crawford & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Bonafide Public Auction on Thursday 23rd July 1942 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their rooms at 122 Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, gold, diamond and pearl ornaments such as Gold Bangles, pocket watches, chains, Buttons, Rings & Links; gold necklace, Ear-rings, Ear-drops, Ear-pendants and Rings set with Diamonds, Emeralds and Rubies; Pearl Bangles; one pair necklace of 5 rows of Pearls, 2 packets loose Pearls, and etc.

On view from 20th July during office hours.

CRAWFORD & CO.



EXCELSIOR
3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

MODERATE TRADE BUYING IN NEW YORK COTTON

Agricultural Committee Approves Full Parity Loan Bill

Bombay July 10

On Thursday the New York cotton market was steady on the report that the House Agricultural Committee approved the full parity loans Bill which now awaits the passage by the House of Representatives. President Roosevelt's criticism of Congress over the Farm deadlock had no effect and the market is anxiously awaiting the final result. In case if the Bill is passed by the Congress will President veto or sign is the question

The New York cotton market fluctuated nervously with traders attempting to appraise Farm Legislation developments. During the early part the market advanced on the strength of securities and wheat but met increased offerings. Finally there was improved buying and the market closed steady.

At the opening October was 5 points up at 19.43 and declined to 19.31 which was the lowest level. Thereafter prices advanced to 19.51 and finally closed at a net rise of 10 to 5 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 12 points at 20.86c per lb

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was also steady with improved demand and closed at a rise of 6 to 15 points. Spot cotton prices gained 8 points at 19.88c per lb.

PRIVATE CABLES:—

N. Y. October highest (2-19 p.m.) 19.51+13
N. Y. October lowest (12-48 p.m.) 19.31—07

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York.—Market steadier on increased trade demand

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 9

July	19.09+06
October	19.48+10
December	19.55+07
January	19.60+06
March	19.64+05
May	19.72+05
Middling spot	20.86+12

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, July 9.

July	19.07+07
October	19.66+06
December	19.75+15
January	19.78+11
March	19.86+07
May	19.92+07
Middling spot	19.88+08

NOON CALL.

New York, July 9.

July	19.00
October	19.43
December	19.51

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay July 10

Following a rise of 10 points in New York cotton futures the local market opened to-day at Rs. 212/8 for Broach J/A delivery and improved to Rs. 213/8. At this level there was scattered selling and prices reacted to Rs 213. The cloth market is firm at higher rates and there are no chances of any important decline in prices except some reaction. The position of cotton is sound based on scarcity of staple cotton On y 250 bales were tendered against Broach contract and with moderate buying prices advanced to Rs. 215/12 but reacted to Rs. 214/4 on scattered realising. The market closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

BROACH July/August	Rs.	214 8 0
OOMRA July		195 12 0
BENGAL July		176 0 0

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, July 10.

		Extra Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G	Bengal U.P.		183	180	177	174
M G	Punjab		183	180	177	174
M G	Rajputana		189	186	183	180
M G	Oomra No. 3	206	203	200	197	...
M G	C. P. No. 1	231	228	225	222	...
M G	C. P. No. 2	216	213	210	207	...
M G	Broach No. 2		221	218	215	212
M G	Punj-Ameri		311	308	305	302
M G	Surat		411	408	405	402
M G	Rajpipla		406	403	400	397
M G	Navsari		416	413	410	407

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, July 10.

	Old	Ready
Bengal	.....	175/78
Berar	170-75	203/6
C. P. 1	180-85	221/23
C. P. 2	170-75	206/8
Khandesh	135-50	...
Nuggai	150-60	...
Broach	150-65	215/21
Broach Low	150-55	

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, July 10.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Khandesh	186	81,598	100,336
Central India	83	30,138	144,864
Barsi and Nagar	.....	53,444	122,022
Hyderabad/Gaorani	.....	18,989	48,966
Berar	.....	176,011	374,082
Central Provinces	.....	87,565	76,510
Total Oomras	269	449,745	866,780
Dholeras	7	33,536	97,106
N.-W. Provinces	.....	1,425	1,537
Rajputana	.....	470	5,634
Sind-Punjab	209	416,817	546,694
Broach	125	319,837	397,684
Coompta & Dharwar	910	26,588	130,833
Westerns-Northerns	.....	31,361	99,831
Cocoanada	.....	.....	239
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	.....	15,468	9,850
Arr. by road to 2nd July 42	.....	92,500	326,133

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, July 9.

Broach J/A highest 215 1/4; lowest 212 1/4; closing 213 1/4

Oomra July highest 196 1/4; lowest 194; closing 196 1/4

Bengal July highest 178; lowest 175; closing 176 3/4

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Scattered Business

Bombay, July 10

The local Share Bazar opened quiet and under scattered buying prices ruled steady Tata Steel Dfd shares opened at Rs 1465 and improved to Rs. 1475 Ordinary shares opened at Rs 293 and improved to Rs 295. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs 1252 and hardened to Rs. 1270.

It is reported that the cloth market is firm at advancing rates and there is active demand. Thus the outlook of the textile industry remains encouraging but buyers in Share Bazar watching war developments On the whole trading continues narrow

The Wall Street market was called up

HOLIDAY IN SHARE BAZAR

The local Share Bazar will remained closed on Monday the 13th inst. for settlement purposes.

on to absorb profit taking during the early part and later on the upward trend was resumed. The recovery was negotiated in the face of cloudy war news and attributed partly to inflation psychology and there was increase in outside participation. U S Steel shares improved 3/4 at 50 1/4 and Anaconda Coppers gained 1/2 at 27 General Motors closed 5/8 higher at 39 5/8 dollars

Bombay, July 10

TEXTILE MILLS.

Apollo 5/2; Ahmedabad Advance 360/10; Bombay Dyeing 1270; Central India 353; Century 472/8; Coimba Land 178; E. D. United 2/12/6; Finlay 203; Gokak 256; Indian Bleaching 150; Indore Malwa 355; Kohinoor 481; Lakshmi 820; Morarji 590; Mysore 136/4; New Great 274; Phoenix 398/12; Podar 216/4; Sassoon Silk 93; Sholapur 6550; Simplex 295; Swadeshi 359; Swan 193; Tata Mill 32/4; Vishnu 1650; New City 260.

ELECTRICS.

Andhra Valley 1610; Ahmedabad Electric 151/4; Ajmere Electric 13/10; Bombay Suburban (old) 173/12; Bombay Tramways 132; Karachi Electric 187/8; Poona Electric 238/12; Surat Electric 183/12; Tata Hydro 169; Tata Power 1480.

MISCELLANEOUS

Asso. Cement 167; Be-apur Sugar 225; Bombay Burma 225; Bombay Burma New 70; Bombay Steam 349; Shivrajpur 41; Tata Steel Def. 1470; Tata Steel Ord. 293/8; Prem. Construction 120; Br. B. Petrol 1/5/6; Ind. Radio Def. 350; Ind. Radio Ordy. 350; Scindia Steam 19/15; Tata Chemical 16; Tata Oil 58/4; Western India Match 216/4; Burma Corporation 2; Indian Iron 26/10; Indian Copper 2; Steel Corp. Bengal 17/10

BANKS.

Baroda 117/8; Central 49; Imperial F.P. 1555; Imperial P.P. 353/2; India 142/8; Reserve 102/8; Union 6/3.

RAILWAYS.

Ahmedabad Prant. 597/8; Central Prov. 112; Gujrat 110; Hoshiarpur Doab 97; Mandra Bhon xd 111; Sara Sirajgunge 98/8; Sialkot Narowal xd 115

INSURANCE.

Empire 700; Jupiter 15; New India 49/12; Oriental Life 3900; Vulcan Insurance 9/13;

DEBENTUURES.

4 per cent Tata Chem. 1952 118; 4 per cent Andhra 1952 104/14; 4 per cent Bom. Telephone 48/4; 4 per cent Tata Power 1951/55 104/14

DEBENTURES

5 per cent Ahm. Advance 125; 7 per cent Andhra 1550; 7 per cent Bom. Tram 78/4; 6 per cent Bom. Steam 327/8; 5 per cent Central India 682/8; 6 per cent Tata Steel 1st 204/10; 7 1/2 per cent Tata Steel 2nd 136/8; 7 per cent Tata Hydro 151/4; 7 1/2 per cent Tata Power 1592/8; 6 1/4 per cent P. Const 1st 121; 6 1/4 per cent P. Const. 2nd 118/8; 5 per cent Swadeshi 138; 5 per cent T. Chem. 119

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, July 10.

The market continued quietly steady. Tata Deferreds ruled around 1470 and Tata Ordinaries around 294. Bombay Dyeings were slightly better at 1270. Indian Irons were quoted at 26-10

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (1475), 1465 1470. 1465. 1470.
Tata Ordinaries (296) 293. 295. 293. 294.
Tata Ordinary 294: Tata Deferred 1470; Indian Iron 26-10: Steel Corpn of Bengal 17-10: Bombay Dyeing 1270: Central India 363-2; Century 472-8: Gokak 255-10: Kohinoor 480-10: Simplex 206; Andhra Valley 1605: Tata Hydro 168-12; Tata Power 1480; Associated Cement 167: Belapur 225; Bombay Burma (old) 225

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, July 10.

Groundnuts August—			
Opening	64	0	0
Highest	65	0	0
Lowest	63	3	0
Closing	64	9	0
Cottonseeds September—			
Opening	30	7	6
Highest	30	10	0
Lowest	30	3	6
Closing	30	10	0
Castorseeds September—			
Opening	60	8	0
Highest	60	14	0
Lowest	59	10	0
Closing	60	12	0
Linseed September—			
Closing	8	13	3

METAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, July 10.

Copper sheets lb 21 Rs. 160 28 160 35 150 42 146 49-56 143

Brass sheets Flag Brand lb 20-21 Rs. 120/8 24 113/4 28 110 35 109 42 106 49-56 104/8

Spelter 'P.H.' Rs. 120 Rosita Rs. 166

Country make Rs. 85 Pigtead 'B.M.' Refined Rs. 57 per cwt.

Settlement Rates:—

Copper sheets Aso 150/8

Market Tone:—Steady.

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, July 10.

Yellow Metal Sheet ..... Rs. 115 0 0
Copper Sheets 151 0 0
Tone:—Steady.

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, July 10.

2 3/4 per cent 1948-52 98/4
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 92/6
3 per cent 1951-54 Loan 99/13
3 per cent 1949-52 Loan 99/13
3 per cent 1963-65 93/1
4 per cent 1960-70 Loan 107/14
3 per cent 1946 Bonus 101/14
4 per cent War Bonds 101/15
3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 Loan 102/2
4 1/2 per cent 1955 Loan 111/10

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945-55 Loan 108/8
4 per cent 1955-60 Mysore 113
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 122

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1947 103/12
4 per cent M Deb 1957 106/4
5 per cent M Deb 1948 12
5 per cent M Deb 1954 123/8
5 per cent K P T 1956 122
Tone: Quietly steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, July 10

LONDON:—

Banks buying 90 Days/Sight 1/6 9/32 Two Months
Banks buying 90 Days/Sight 1/6 5/16 Three Months
Banks Buying 90 Days Sight 1/6 5/16 Four Months
B C Rates T T 1/5 15/16 D D 1/5 15/16
Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32 D D 1/5 31/32
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32 D D 1/6 5/32

LONDON/NEW YORK:—

Banks selling T T Rs 332 3/4 D D Rs 332 3/4
Banks buying T T Rs 329 1/2 D D Rs 329 1/2

LONDON/MONTREAL:

Banks selling T T Rs 302 1/2 D D 302 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs 297 3/4 D D 294 3/4

LONDON/BERNE:

Banks selling T T Fcs 126 3/4 D D Fcs nil
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2 D D Fcs nil

LONDON/STOCKHOLM

Banks selling T T K 123 D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128 D D K 128

MEXICO/LONDON:

Banks selling T T Rs 67.27 D D Rs 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs 63.04 D D Rs 62.04

LISBON/LONDON:

Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nom D D Esc 7.35 nom
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55 D D Esc 7.55

AUSTRALIA/LONDON:—

Banks selling T T 1/10 3/8 D D 1/10 3/8
Banks buying T T nil D D 1/11 3/8
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady
Gold £8-8-0 Ready
New York silver 35 1/8
London Silver 23 1/2 Ready 23 1/2 Forward
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money:—Call and 1 month not quoting
2 to 5 months 1/4 per cent
6 to 11 months 1/2 per cent
Tone:—Very easy.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 3rd July 1942.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Government of India	14,92,56,000
(2) Government of Burma	40,00,000
(3) Other Government Accounts	7,21,99,000
(b) Banks	53,48,81,000
(c) Others	1,95,65,000
Bills Payable	3,19,54,000
Other Liabilities	4,73,71,000
Rupees	105,92,26,000

ASSETS.

Notes	15,05,47,000
Rupee Coin	4,83,000
Subsidiary Coin	5,76,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(c) Government Treasury Bills	5,24,000
Balances held abroad*	80,06,42,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	10,00,000
Investments	8,95,24,000
Other Assets	1,58,30,000
Rupees	105,92,26,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 3rd day of July 1942.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES—

Notes held in the Banking Department	15,05,47,000
Notes in circulation	446,77,79,000
Total Notes issued	461,85,26,000
Total Liabilities	461,83,26,000

ASSETS—

A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000
Sterling Securities	266,85,11,000
Total of A.	331,26,54,000
B Rupee Coin	28,27,57,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	122,29,15,000
Total Assets	461,83,26,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 67.398 per cent.

Indian Central Cotton Committee

The monsoon meetings of the Indian Central Cotton Committee will be held in Bombay from the 13th to the 18th July. Mr. P. M. Kharegat, C.I.E., I.C.S., will preside. Between the 13th and 17th July, the various Sub-Committees will meet and make recommendations on the subjects coming under their purview, for the consideration of the main body.

The action taken by the Provinces and States to give effect to the resolution of the Committee passed at its meeting in January last in connection with the curtailment of the area under short staple cotton and its replacement by long or medium staple cotton or food grains will be reviewed.

The Madras and Sind cotton forecasts will be scrutinised by the Cotton Forecast Sub-Committee and recommendations made for their improvement.

Indian Cotton Consumption

Based on returns made under the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923, by mills in British India and on voluntary returns from mills in Indian States, the consumption of cotton was as under:—

CONSUMPTION

British India during May 1942 251,911; during May 1941 252,557; since 1st September, 1941 2,463,593; during the corresponding period last year 2,217,366.

Indian States during May 1942 59,249; during May 1941 46,753; since 1st September 1941 522,436; during the corresponding period last year 452,574.

Total—India during May 1942 311,160; during May 1941 299,310; since 1st September 1941 2,986,029; during the corresponding period last year 2,670,040.

London Stock Exchange

London, July 9

The Stock Exchange failed to develop any activity. Operators are desirous to await fresh news before taking further commitments. Giltedged continued firmness of the past few days gains up to 1/4 recorded. Home Rails attracted some attention. Some useful gains scored internationals again and shade harder. Egyptian issues met late support. Industrials quiet apart from some late interest in Rayons, Rubbers and Teas.

Punjab National Bank Ltd.

The General Manager, the Punjab National Bank Ltd., Lahore, writes:—

"The working of the half-year ending 30th June, 1942, subject to audit, has resulted in a net profit of Rs. 7,52,800-3-4 (exclusive of Rupees 43,621-8-3 brought forward from the half-year ending 31-12-1941)."

COTTON PARITY

Broach J/A below New York July 1,062 cent points at Exchange Rate 331.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, July 9.

T. T. London on:—

New York sellers 4.02 1/2 buyers 4.03 1/2
Madrid official 40.5 voluntary rate 46.55
Montreal sellers 4.43 buyers 4.47
Zurich sellers 17.3 buyers 17.4
Stockholm sellers 16.86 buyers 16.96

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, July 10

Yesterday London gold was unchanged at £8-8-0. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 3/4 at New York.

London spot and forward silver quotations were unchanged at 23 1/2d. The market was quiet and small trade demand was satisfied officially. New York spot silver was also unchanged at 35 1/8 cents. London Bombay spot and forward silver parity was Rs 62-10-3. The local market was steady with moderate buying and quotations were as under:—

GOLD.

Ready	Rs.	51 5 0
Ashad		51 1 0
Sovereigns		38 8 0

SILVER

Ready		84 1 0
Ashad		83 7 0

LONDON SILVER.

London, July 9.

Spot	23 1/2
Forward	23 1/2

LONDON GOLD

London, July 9.

London gold fine per oz £8-8-0

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay, July 10.

Gr. Nut August	4	0	0
Cast. seed September	6	0	0
Cotton. seed September	2	8	0
Silver 1st Settlement	2	0	0
Gold 1st Settlement	1	4	0

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, July 9.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£64 1/4
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£100 7/8
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£82 3/4
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£107 11/16
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent	£106 1/2
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£115 7/16
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£114 7/8
Chartered Bank of I.A and China	£6 3/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London reg.)	£56
National Bank of India	£28 1/4

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN.

London, July 9.

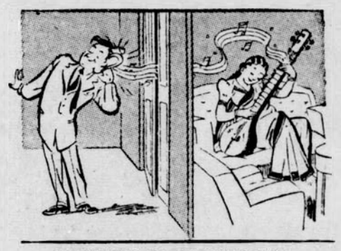
	This week
Total bullion	£ 1,616,000
Public deposit	£ 10,300,000
(a) Other deposits	£194,400,000
Government securities	£171,700,000
(b) Other securities	£ 21,100,000
Notes, gold and silver coin	£ 24,200,000
Notes in circulation	£807,400,000
Ratio of reserve to liabilities	11.80 p.c.
(a) Other deposits include bankers	£146,500,000
(b) Other securities include discount and advance	£ 5,500,000
Total deposits	£204,700,000
Total securities	£192,800,000

LONDON WHEAT.

London, July 9.

Rozario Santa Fe July/Aug. quoted	25/6
Barletta Russo July/Aug. quoted	25/6
South Australian wheat July/Aug. quoted	28

If You Have An Ear for Music
(AND WHO HAS'NT?)



DALSUKH M. PANCHOLI'S
"KHAN-DAAN"
IS BOUND TO WIN YOUR HEART!
(OR HAS IT ALREADY?)
IT STARS 10 SNAPPY SONGS!
12 th Week AT New West End
Daily: 3, 6 and 9 p. m.
A 'FAMOUS PICTURES LTD" RELEASE.

THE REGAL
DAILY AT
4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
2nd SMASH WEEK!
SUNDAY: 10-30 a. m.
"RIDE 'EM COWBOY"

Ladies!
You are Sure to MEET the GENTLEMEN
You met yhen you first saw and enjoyed
Non-Stop
43 Forty Third NIGHT To-night
दुनिया एक तमाशा
If you see it once more!
That Has Been The Experience of Bombay for the last three months' Repeat audiences meet Repeat audiences! And what a Surprising surprise to have to see the same faces! What a pleasant surprise for you to know that your first time Company has also liked this picture as much as you have liked this unique pleasant comedy-hit!

"DUNIYA-EK TAMASHA"
(The World's A Play)
SAUBHAGYA PICTURE
Starring
SARDAR AKHTAR & GOPE
Directed by KHOSLA

Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Matinee at 1 p.m.
NOVELTY
'Phone 40106
SUNDAY MORNING AT 10
"ALL QUIET ON THE WESTERN FRONT"
NEW INDIA FILM CORPORATIONS' Release

8 TH GLORIOUS WEEK!
•
8 GLORIOUS SONG-HITS!

MAGICAL MUSIC

FROM THESE TWO SWEETEST SONG-BIRDS of the SCREEN
CHARMS BOMBAY!
★ROMANCE!
★MIRTH!!
★MUSIC!!!
NEW THEATRES Presents
SAUGAND
IN HINDUSTHANI
Direction: HEMCHUNDER
Starring:— BHARATI-DEVI, PAHARI SANYAL, ASHIT-BARAN, CHANDRAVATI, etc.
Daily: 3, 6-15 & 9-30 p.m., On Sundays Matinee at 12 noon.
KRISHNA

9th Week

Rai Saheb

A Chhotubhai Desai Production.

LAMINGTON

Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

Sat., Sun., Mon. Matinee at 1 p.m.

THE SWELLEST FUN YOUR ENTERTAINMENT—MONEY CAN BUY!

Together & Terrific

JAMES CAGNEY & BETTE DAVIS

in

WARNER BROS. COMEDY

BRIDE CAME C. O. D.

Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.

SUNDAY MORNING AT 10-30 A. M.

"YOU CAN'T TAKE IT WITH YOU"

JAMES STEWART JEAN ARTHUR

PARADISE

MAHIM

PRABHAT PICTURE

Directed by V. SHANTARAM

THE

UNEXPECTED

SHANTA APTE, VASANTI, SHAKUNTALA, PARANJPE, GOURI

SUN. MORNING 10 A. M.

UNDER SEA KINGDOM

PRAKASH

Matunga, B B.

Daily: 4, 7, 10 Sat., Sun. Mat. 1-0

2nd WEEK

FAST-PACED FUN!

and

SONG-FILLED ROMANCE!

ARTISTS COMBINE'S SMASH THRILLER

"JAWANI-KI-PUKAR"

Starring: URMILLA, KALYANI, D BILLIMORIA, HARISHCHANDRA AFGHAN SANDOW & others

Added Attraction:

OUR AMERICAN ALLIES (HINDI)

A V. SHANTARAM PRODUCTION

2nd WEEK at

SUPER

Daily: 4-15, 7, 9-45 p.m. Sat., Sun., Mon. 1-30 p.m. Sunday Morning Show 10 a.m.

A 'FINE FILMS INDIA' RELEASE

A GRAND REVIVAL OF A GRAND FILM!

NEW THEATRES' SOCIAL EPIC.

DUSHMAN

Directed by NITIN BOSE

Starring: SAIGAL, LEELA DESAI

FROM TO-DAY AT

PLAZA TALKIES DADAR

Daily: 4-30, 7-15, 10 p.m. Sat., Sun. 1-30 p.m. FROM SAT. 18TH

"BHARAT BHET"

MINERVA'S MARVEL PICTURE

SIKANDAR SIKANDAR

Daily at 4-15, 7 & 9-45 p.m.

Sat., Sun. & Holiday 1-30 p. m.

HINDMATA

(Vincent Road)

India's Premier Theatre.

METRO

COMFORTABLY COOL

ESPLANADE ROAD

TELEPHONE 31045

Daily at 3-30: 6-30: 9-30 p.m.

Robert Lana TAYLOR-TURNER in Johnny Eager

EDWARD ARNOLD A MERVYN LeROY Production

Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer PICTURE

TOMORROW MORNING! AT 10 A.M.

MYRNA LOY MELVYN DOUGLAS IN "THIRD FINGER LEFT HAND"

A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

City Light

(Cinema Magnificent)

LADY JAMSHEDJI RD. B. B. MATUNGA

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 P. M.

Sat., Sun. & Holidays Mat. 1 P. M

FROM TO-DAY

MINERVA'S Mammoth Production

PUKAR

SOHRAB MODI, CHANDRAMOHAN' NASEEM, SARDAR AKHTAR & SHEELA

KOHINOOR

(DADAR)

Daily: 4-30, 7-15 and 10 P.M. Sat., Sun. & Holidays Matinee 1-30 P.M.

FROM TO-DAY

Popular Revival for one week only

PRABHAT'S

Agni Kankan

(MARATHI)

Starring: BABURAO PENDHARKAR, WINAYAK, LEELA & Late BUWA SAHEB

NEXT SAT.

SPECIAL ASHAD EKADASI Attraction

TUKARAM

2nd Glorious Week

Song-studded tale of youthful romance

AMAR'S MAIDEN HIT

'Khilauna'

Starring: SNEHAPRABHA PRADHAN, JAIRAJ, PRABHA, KANHAIYALAL

Directed by: SARVOTTAM BADAMI

BROADWAY

KINGSWAY—DADAR

Daily: 4-15, 7 & 10 P.M.

Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 1-30 P.M

CAPITOL at 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

TECHNICOLOR'S

"BLOSSOMS IN THE DUST"

with GREER GARSON, WALTER PIDGEON

GREAT LOVE STORY!

SUNDAY 10-30 A.M.

"COME LIVE WITH ME"

STEWART—LAMARR

29th WEEK!

LEELA and ASHOK in Bombay Talkies'

JHOOLA

Daily: 2-15, 5-45, 9 p.m.

Sundays at 11 a.m.

ROXY

AURORA

KING'S CIRCLE MATUNGA

Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

GARBO

The Exotic, Glamorous Spy Whose Kiss sent Thousands to Their Death.

WITH

RAMON NAVARRO

The Prince of Romance in

MATA HARI

A Metro Goldwyn Mayer Picture

SUN., MORN. AT 10-30 A.M.

LOST LOVE & Chandrahari

IN TAMIL

15th Week

NEW HUNS' Popular Hit

PAHILA PALNA

(Many Happy Returns)

PRODUCER: Baburao Pendharkar

Tues., Thurs. Zenana Show 1 p.m.

Daily 3-30, 6-15, 9 p.m.

Sat., Sun., Hol. 1 p.m.

CENTRAL

PALACE DAILY At 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m

GO GAY WITH GARBO!

Garbo plays twins! Melvyn Douglas is in love with both of them and can't tell them apart!

GRETA GARBO MELVYN DOUGLAS

In Metro's Comedy Hit

TWO-FACED WOMAN

Her First Picture since "NINOTCHKA" and it's twice as funny!

SUN. MORN. AT 10-30 A.M.

Second Fiddle

IRVING BERLIN'S DELIGHTFUL MUSICAL ROMANCE STARRING SONJA HENIE, TYR. POWER.

8th WEEK

DOCTOR

8TH ENTERTAINING WEEK

DOCTOR

P. MULLICK, BHARATI DEVI

Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.

Matinee: Sat. and Sun. at 1-15 p.m.

CHITRA

Vincent Road, (DADAR)

Manufacturers of:— A. R. P. BRASS STIRRUP PUMPS and STEEL HELMETS

SHANK AND COMPANY, Chandni Chowk, Delhi.

EDWARD

Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

AN EPOCH-MAKING PICTURE OF INDIAN VILLAGE LIFE

WOMAN

SARDAR AKHTAR, SURENDRA

SUN. MORNING AT 10 A.M. FULL SERIAL

"THE DEVIL HORSE"

FRANKIE DARRO-NOAH BEERY

10 TENTH TENTALIZING WEEK

SONG-LADEN ROMANCE of PRAKASH PICTURES

Station Master

Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.

Sat. Sun. 12-45 p.m.

MINERVA

24th WEEK 24th

PRAKASH EPIC

BHARAT MILAP

(HINDI)

BHARAT BHET

(MARATHI)

Daily: 2-45 & 6 (Hindi) 9 p.m. (Marathi)

ZENANA SHOWS: Wed. 11-30 (Hindi), Thurs. 11-30 (Marathi)

Sat., Sun. 11-30 a. m. (MARATHI)

MAJESTIC

EVERGREEN RELEASE

EVACUEES FROM BURMA

Official View Of Allegations Of Racial Discrimination

NEW DELHI, July 10.

The full story of how 500,000 persons—nearly 50 per cent of the entire Indian population of Burma—were evacuated to India can now be told. The influx has not ceased. Evacuees are still coming in, though in small numbers, but this number may increase after the monsoon months.

The refugees have travelled by all kinds of routes, known and unknown. The rough figures are by land routes into Bengal 200,000; into Assam 200,000, by sea 70,000 and by air 12,000. The evacuation by sea and air particularly has been carried out under trying conditions.

Preparations are being made to build up a strong refugee organisation which can come into operation, if there is another flow of evacuees after the monsoon.

Much valuable assistance was received from non-official bodies Congress medical units, the Marwari Relief Committee, Ramakrishna Mission and many Refugee Reception Committees played a vital part in the care and dispersal of refugees.

The problem now is to settle these refugees in useful employment in India and to maintain them until they can find it. Temporary allowances are being advanced to the evacuees. Allegations have been made that there has been racial discrimination in this matter, but the truth is that allowances payable to European refugees from war areas had been fixed by His Majesty's Government long before any question of Indian refugees arose.

With the influx of a large number of Indian, Anglo-Indian and Anglo-Burman refugees, a comprehensive review of the position was undertaken by the Government of India, and a scale of allowances related to the previous economic status of the refugees without reference to race or nationality has been suggested to Provincial Governments who have been empowered to deal with all applications according to those scales which are applicable to all, whether Indians, Anglo-Indians or Europeans, and the Government of India are confident that Indian states will also act similarly. An absolute maximum has been fixed and the scales will remain in force for six months. His Majesty's Government continue to be responsible for European refugees, and the Government of Burma have accepted responsibility for British subjects other than Indians, domiciled in Burma.

TRADE AND FINANCE

Increase In Active Note Circulation

SHARP RISE IN GILT-EDGED MARKET

Sentiment Improves In Share Bazar

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, July 10

MONEY

Extremely easy monetary conditions continued to prevail in the local short term money market. Day-to-day loans were quoted at 1/4 per cent and three to six months money was placeable around 3/4 per cent per annum. Offerings of funds to be invested in three months' Government of India Treasury Bills continued to be heavy and the yield declined fractionally from Re. 0-10-9 to Re. 0-10-3 per cent per annum.

An increase of 3.59 crores in the active note circulation is revealed by the weekly statement of the Reserve Bank of India made up to 3rd July 1942. The total note issue shows an expansion of Rs. 5.72 crores to Rs. 461.83 crores as against Rs. 217 crores before the outbreak of the war. On the assets' side, while there is no change in gold coin and bullion held by the Bank, sterling securities register a rise of Rs. 5 crores. Rupee coin is also up by Rs. 71.97 lacs and the ratio of gold coin and bullion plus sterling assets to total liabilities is fractionally up by 0.251 to 67.398 per cent. In the Banking Department, there is an all-round increase in deposits; those on account of Governments have gone up by Rs. 9.88 crores. Bankers' by Rs. .77 lacs and miscellaneous by Rs. 21 lacs. Balances held abroad record a substantial increase of Rs. 19.30 crores, whereas loans and advances to Governments have declined by Rs. 4.90 crores.

The statement of affairs of the Imperial Bank of India for the week ended 3rd July 1942, reveals a rise of Rs. 1.38 crores in all kinds of deposits. Investments are up by Rs. 2.64 crores and Advances have increased by Rs. 1.09 crores. The Bank's holding of cash is depleted to the extent of Rs. 3.77 crores.

GILTEDGED

The giltedged market reacted well to the issue of the third Defence Loan and a firm tone was manifest with buyers predominating. Bears were anxious to cover their short positions which together with renewed inquiry for investment caused a sharp rise all-round. 3 1/2 per cent Rupee Paper rose from Rs. 90-14 to Rs. 92-12 and 3 per cent 1963/65 loan from Rs. 91-9 to Rs. 93-1. At this level, however, the market was slightly more offered. Among other dated bonds, 2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 loan moved up by over a point to Rs. 9c-4, 3 per cent 1946 bonds were quoted higher at Rs. 101-14 and 3 per cent 1951/54 loan stood 1 1/4 points higher at Rs. 99-12. 3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 loan improved from Rs. 101-11 to Rs. 102-4, 4 per cent 1943 bonds from Rs 101-14 to Rs. 102 and 4 per cent 1960/70 loan from Rs. 106-7 to Rs. 106-11. 4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 loan found buyers at Rs. 111-8 as against the opening level of Rs. 110-4 whilst 5 per cent 1945/55 tax free loan was wanted at Rs. 108-9.

THIRD DEFENCE LOAN

The Government of India announced the issue of a third Defence Loan on 4th July, 1942. The new loan will be in the form of a reissue of the 3 per cent 1951/54 loan, redeemable at par not earlier than 1951 and not later than 1954. The loan will be available on tap on and from 8th July, the issue price from 8th to 11th July being Rs 100-10-8 and thereafter to be increased by 8 pies every week. The premium of Re. 0-10-8 in the issue price represents accrued interest from the last interest payment date, i.e. 15th March 1942. There is no limit as to the amount to be tendered.

GOLD

There was a slight reaction in the local gold market after the last week's rise and a quieter tone prevailed till the end of the week. Opening at Rs. 52-8-0, ready gold declined by stages to Rs. 50-8-0 on Thursday and closed at Rs. 50-14-0. Gold to be delivered in the August settlement was quoted at even rates with spot throughout the week. The price of sovereigns declined from Rs. 39-5-0 to Rs. 38-7 in sympathy with the decline in gold rates. Floating stocks of the metal are estimated at about 1,00,000 tolas; arrivals from up-country averaged about 7,000 tolas a day; and the average daily offtake is said to be about 5,000 tolas. The highest and lowest rates touched were: Rs. 52-8-0 and Rs. 50-8-0 for spot and August settlement.

SILVER

The silver section of the local bullion market exhibited a quieter tone during the week under review. Spot silver of .999 fineness, which was quoted at Rs. 84-12-0 at the opening, declined to Rs. 82-13-0 on Wednesday, but recovered and closed at Rs. 83-4-0. There was considerable profit taking and buyers seemed to have been satisfied by sales from the Reserve Bank and no fresh sales were reported during the week. August settlement silver was quoted at a discount varying between 4 and 8 annas under spot and ready silver of .916 fineness was quoted about Rs. 1/8 under the settlement rate. Floating stocks of the metal in the local market are estimated at about 5,000 bars. The highest and lowest rates touched were: Rs. 84-14-0 and Rs. 82-13-0 for spot and Rs. 84-10-0 and Rs. 82-7-0 for August settlement.

SHARES

An improved sentiment was manifest on the local stock market during the week under review following better news from the African war front. Prices recorded a sharp advance all-round early in the week and remained stabilised around this level during the rest of the week. The volume of business was also comparatively large.

Tata Deferreds advanced from Rs. 1402-8 to Rs. 1520, and after fluctuating narrowly around this level, closed at Rs. 1470. Ordinaries likewise touched Rs. 395 early in the week, but declined and closed at Rs. 293-8. In the cotton mill section also there was a sharp recovery but prices subsequently eased somewhat on profit-taking at the higher level. Bombay Dyeings forged ahead from Rs. 1227-8 to Rs. 1295. Central Indias from Rs. 351 to Rs. 376 and Centuries from Rs. 468 to Rs. 491, but were quoted lower at Rs. 1270. Rs. 367 and Rs. 475 respectively at the close. Colabas improved by about 10 points to Rs. 184 and remained stabilised around this level, whilst Go kaks, after moving up from Rs. 253 to Rs. 265, reacted and closed at Rs. 257. Kohinoors and New Great evoked good inquiry at Rs. 495 and Rs. 277-8 respectively but closed slightly under at Rs. 485 and Rs. 275. There was little or no change in the Hydro-Electric section where prices moved within a narrow compass; Andhra Valleys remained stationary around Rs. 46-8 and Bombay Trams around Rs. 132 whilst Tata Hydros ruled steady at Rs. 169. Tata Powers ruled a shade easy at Rs. 1480 as against Rs. 1490 at the beginning of the week. Bank shares, on the other hand, were relatively more active. Central Banks ruled firm at Rs. 49 and Bank of Indias at Rs. 142-8. Imperial Bank Fully Paids advanced sharply from Rs. 1533-8 to Rs. 1560 and Partly Paids from Rs. 376-4 to Rs. 383-2. Reserve Banks were maintained around Rs. 102-8. In the miscellaneous section, price fluctuations were confined within narrow limits. Associated Cements were quoted around Rs. 169 and Bombay Burmas around Rs. 230, whilst Belapurs, after touching Rs. 232-8 mid-week, eased to Rs. 225 at the end. Scindia Steams ruled steady in the vicinity of Rs. 20, whereas New Indias gained well over 2 points to Rs. 49-12 during the course of the week.

REVISED MAXIMUM PRICES OF RICE

The Bombay Government Gazette Extraordinary published on 9th July notifies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by the Defence of India Rules, the Government of Bombay directs the following Table showing the revised maximum prices of rice. All previous lists are suspended:—

Kind and quality of rice. 1.	Wholesale 2. Rs. a. p.	Retail. 3. Rs. a. p.
All Madras rice, including Bezwada Kusma but excluding Nellore and Barik rice ...	15 8 0 a bag of 163 lbs. net.	0 11 0 a paylee.
Nellore rice	16 0 0	0 11 3 a paylee.
Barik rice	17 0 0	0 12 0 a paylee
All Burma rice	17 0 0	0 12 0 a paylee.
All Bengal rice (boiled or raw) except (i) and (ii) below:—	15 8 0	0 11 0 a paylee.
(i) Pukka Hurra	18 0 0	0 12 9 a paylee.
(ii) Sita Sal	18 4 0	0 12 9 a paylee
Country rice:—		
*Bhiwandi	100 0 0 per Khandy of 6 1/2 cwts.	0 14 9 a paylee
Kalyan	89 0 0 do.	0 13 0 a paylee.
Panvel	85 0 0 do.	0 12 6 a paylee.

Yarn Prices Decline But Market Tone Steady

Bombay, July 8.

There is no special change to report in the Yarn market during the whole past week and whilst prices have declined further to some extent in almost all kinds of yarns, the undertone has remained steady. In case of Indian yarns there has been some further decline in prices owing to reports from various important consuming centres to the effect that prices have declined over there and demand has also been very limited. Exporters have also been not making any fresh purchases; on the other hand some of them have been reselling their goods in the local market. Cloth market, however, is comparatively steadier and therefore the attitude shown by the Mills is strong. These two factors have been responsible for prevention of further heavy decline in prices of yarns. Stocks in almost all consuming centres are said to be sufficient and it is reported that several dealers and middlemen have been trying to invest their moneys in yarns and cloth during the last few days. Reports from the Punjab markets are not very encouraging although there do not appear any signs of a heavy decline in prices. Some of the South Indian mills, however, have been showing eagerness to make sales of yarns at somewhat reduced prices. The total sales of yarns by the local mills during the week are very limited. The War situation continues to remain rather unfavourable and naturally therefore prices and demand in yarns are affected rather unfavourably. The future tendency continues to remain uncertain.

JAPANESE AND SHANGHAI YARNS.

Prices in Japanese and Shanghai yarns have fluctuated with a very narrow range during the week under review and on the whole there has been a further decline to the extent of about half an anna per lb. with a steady undertone at the close. The principal reason for a decline is the arrival of some old stocks in Bombay from various upcountry districts where some of the dealers had removed their stocks a few days ago. In case of Mercerised yarns, prices declined further to the extent of about one anna per lb in Grey and about half an anna per lb in Bleached yarns. Speculative turnover in Mercerised yarns is entirely absent. The future outlook is hopeful.

ART SILK YARNS.

Enquiries in Art Silk yarns both bright as well as dull lustred, have been showing further improvement especially from the local mills and whilst prices have not improved further during the week the undertone has remained very steady. In case of Staple Fibre yarns prices declined further to the extent of about one anna per lb owing to unfavourable reports from the Punjab and other important consuming centres. The future tendency of the market remains hopeful.

INDIAN YARNS.

Turnover on the Bombay Yarn Exchange, Limited has remained very moderate and most of the transactions were confined to 20 1/2s for August delivery where prices have fluctuated within a range of about Rs. 7 per bale during the week. At the close prices improved by about Rs 4 per bale with a steady undertone. The present movement of prices on the Exchange depends more or less on the reports about the War situation and also on fluctuations in cotton as well as on various reports received from the important consuming districts all over the country. The local mills have been showing rather a firm attitude probably because of comparatively better margin in cloth. The future tendency is not very hopeful.

WIDESPREAD RAIN IN KONKAN & MALABAR

POONA, July 8.

The following is the weather report for the week ending July 1:—

Summary of weather: There was general extension and strengthening of the monsoon over the country. Its activity extended all over the country outside Sind, Baluchistan, the North-West Frontier Province and the Madras Deccan by the end of the week and it was vigorous in the United Provinces and East Gujarat on the last day.

Some of the very heavy rainfall amounts recorded during the week (in inches) are:—Cherrapunji 20; Passighat (Sadiya, north Assam) 9, and Denuing (Sadiya, north Assam) 8 on June 24; Denuing 10 on June 29; Cherrapunji 9 and Khandala 7 on June 26; Bombay, Mahableshwar, Sambhal (Moradabad) and Shirpur (Dhulia, West Khandesh) 7 each on June 27; Cox's Bazar 11 and Honavar 8 on June 29; Cox's Bazar 8 on June 30.

North-west India: Rainfall was nearly general in east Rajputana on two days during the week. Local rain or a few falls occurred in the east and north Punjab and Gujarat throughout the week, in the south-west Punjab and west Rajputana on five days, in Kashmir and east Rajputana on four days, in the North-West Frontier Province on two days and in Baluchistan on June 28.

The Peninsula: There was widespread rain in the Konkan and Malabar through out the week, in north Hyderabad on five days, in the Bombay Deccan and Mysore on two days and in the north Madras coast on June 28. Local rain or a few falls occurred in the Bombay Deccan and north Hyderabad during the rest of the week, in south Hyderabad and north Madras coast on four days, in south-east Madras on three days and in Mysore and Madras Deccan on two days.

The week's rainfall was within 20 per cent of the normal in Assam, Berar and south-east Madras. It was 26 per cent. or more in defection in Orissa, Kashmir the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Sind, west Rajputana, south Hyderabad and Madras Deccan. Elsewhere, it was 28 per cent or more in excess.

The rainfall of the period from June 1 to date was within 20 per cent of the normal in Assam, Bengal, the Punjab east Rajputana, west Central India, Berar and the west Central Provinces. It was 26 per cent or more in excess in the west United Provinces, Kashmir, the Konkan, the Deccan, Mysore and Malabar. Over the rest of the country it was 21 per cent or more in defect.—A P.

RATNAGIRI.—With a view to facilitate the advantage of control of prices to illiterate ryots the first cheap grain shop was opened here on Thursday by the Collector, Mr. Aminuddin.

Latest Commercial

COTTON

OCTOBER

New York, July 10

Previous closing 19.48

To-day's opening 19.47

Difference ..... —01

To-day's closing see Stop Press.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 10

Following are the New York opening ranges:—

July (unquoted) 19.08/06

October (19.43/42) 19.47/47

December (19.50/50) 19.54/53

LONDON COMMODITIES

London, July 10

SEEDS

Castorseeds Bombay July/August (£26 quoted) £25 quoted

Linseed Calcutta July/August unquoted

Linseed La Plata July/August unquoted

Groundnuts Coromandal July/August (East Coast India shipment not quoted) West Coast India shipment (£25 1/2 quoted) £25 1/2 quoted

LONDON METALS

Electric Copper (£62) £62

Lead (£25) £25

Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131) sh.) 131 sh.

EXCHANGE:

CROSS RATES

T. T NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, July 10

Previous closing 4.03 3/4

To-day's opening 4.03 3/4

T. T LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, July 10

Previous closing 4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/8 buyers

To-day's opening 4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/8 buyers

To-day's closing 4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/8 buyers

LONDON BULLION

LONDON GOLD

London, July 10

London Gold (£8 8-0) £8 8 0

LONDON SILVER

London, July 10

Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d.

Forward (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d

CROSS RATES

London, July 10

London on Bombay (1-6 1/32 sellers 1-6 31/32 buyers) 1-6 1/32 sellers; 1-5 31/32 buyers

New York on Bombay (30 3/6) 30-3/6

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent

4 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent

5 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent

New York Stock Exchange

New York, July 10

New York Stock Exchange opening prices: General Motors (Col 39) dol 39 3/4

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 26 3/4) dol 26 7/8

United States Steel Common (dol 49 3/4) dol 49 7/8

United States Steel Preference (dol 109 1/4) unquoted

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London July 10

London Stock Exchange was very quiet to-day.

3½ PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London July 10

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £101

AUSTRALIAN LOAN

5 per cent 1955-58 £101

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent British Consols £82 13/16

3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £107 7/8

2 per cent Conversion Loan £100 3/16

4 per cent Funding Loan 1960-90 £115 5/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan 1952 or after £105 11/16

3 per cent War Loan £102 5/16

4 per cent Victory Bonds £115 1/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors 17-9

Marks and Spencer Ordinary 37-3

Electric Music Industry 16-4 1/2

Princhin Johnson 24-7 1/2

Imperial Chemical 33-0

Woolsworth Ordinary 53-3

San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rate £81 1/2

Dundee 27-4 1/2

Unilever Ordinary 27-5

Ford Motors 25-1 1/2

Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £80 1/2

British American Tobacco Ordy £4

Carreas 'A' £5 3/8

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £6 1/16

P and O Defd 26-1 1/2

Distillers 76 3

Bredfords Dyes 8-3

British Celanese 11-0

J and P Coates 36-7 1/2

Courtaulds Ordinary 35-5

Fine Cotton Spinners 9-3

Vickers Limited Ordinary 16-3

Inter. Nickels dol 38 1/4

Indian Iron 38-10 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam 17-6

Donaro Tea 25-7 1/2

Empire of India 16-6

JUTE

Barnagore £5

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo-Dutch Rubber 8-6

Gula Kelampong 8-1 1/2

Rubber Plant 14-9

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug 15-7 1/2

Burma Corporation 3-6

Rio Tintos £7 3/4

East Rand Properties £1 3/4

Rand Mines £6 5/16

MINE SHARES

Crown £8 1/4

Associated Portland Cement 48-9

Trinidad Leasehold 66-10 1/2

Sub-Nigel £6

Spring Mines Split Share £0 15/16

Union Corporation 132-6

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian 35-7 1/2

Anglo-India 46-3

Burma Oil £1 3/4

Mexican Eagle 10-1 1/2

Shell Transport £2 7/16

Royal Dutch £19

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary £46 1/2

London Midland Ordinary £20

London North Eastern Defd £2 3/16

London Southern Defd £17

London Transport 5 per cent £124

London Transport 'C' £41 1/2

END GREY HAIR

Not by dyes Use our Ayurvedic Accepted Oil and get your grey hairs turned black radically. Guarantee bond of refunding price will be executed if disbelieved.

If a few hairs have turned grey, buy phial of Rs 2/8: if nearly all then buy phial of Rs 5.

SANKAT HARAN OUSADHALOY,

P.O. KATRISARAI (GAYA) No 15

GONORRHOEA CURED

OLD or NEW—cured Guaranteedly. MEDICINE CHARGES ON CURE:—Time—9 to 12 a.m. and 5 to 8 p.m. Sunday: 9 to 12 a.m only:

Visit Personally.

SANYASI DAVAKHANA (Regd.)

Near Prarthana Samaj Tram Junction, Sandhurst Road, Opp. Central Bank, Bombay 4.

Her Love
Saved a village
Her Ideal
Set an Example

The Noble Story of a Proud Girl

Tamanna
LAXMI PRODUCTIONS' Maiden Hit

Starring:
LILA DESAI and JAIRAJ,
with K. C. DEY, JAGDISH
KARAN DEWAN,
SHANTA KUMARI

4th FULL WEEK

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Sun. and Holidays Mat. at 1 p.m.

LAW OF GOD
OR
LAW OF MAN
Why should someone Suffer for another's Folly
?

NALINI JAYAWANT
Asks you in
AMAR'S
ANKH-MICHOWLI
Starring: SULOCHANA, SATISH, JILLOO, ANAND PRASAD, NAGENDRA, KAMALA, RAJKUMARI SHUKLA
Director: CHOWDHARI
Supreme Release

2nd BIG WEEK
IMPERIAL
Daily 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Sat., Sun. Holidays 1 p.m.

★SATURDAY NEXT.....
★ WHEN THE LAUGH-BLITZ STARTS···!
★YOU'LL TURN TOPSY TURVY WITH LAUGHTER!
★*Director*
—N. R. ACHARYA—
—who gave you "KANGAN," "BANDHAN" & "NAYA-SANSAR" now gives you
ACHARYA ART PRODUCTIONS'
Stream-lined Musi-comedy!

'KUNWARA BAP'
(BACHELOR-FATHER)
Starring:—
★PROTIMA DASGUPTA
★KISHORE SAHU, Anjali Devi etc.
(A Bharat Pictures Ltd. Release).
From Saturday Next—
18th July At—
LAMINGTON

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS To-day

Hindu: Jeth Vad 13, 1998
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akhar 26, 1361
Parsi: Behman 10, 1311
Sunrise: 6-9 a.m. Sunset: 7-18 p.m.
Hightide: 11-18, 22-47. Lowtide: 4-13, 17-08

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

EXCELSIOR—"Bahama Passage" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Khillauna" 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30
CITY LIGHT—"Pukar" 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Agni Kankan" 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Blossoms in the Dust" 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
REGAL—"Ride 'em Cowboy" 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Saugand" 3, 6-15 and 9-30 p.m. Matinee on Sunday at 12 noon.
METRO—"Johnny Eager" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
NOVELTY—"Duniya-Ek-Tamasha" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1 p.m.
PRAKASH—"The Unexpected" 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1
NEW WEST END—"Khan-Daan" 3, 6 and 9
HIND-MATA—"Sikandar" 4-15, 7 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30
PARADISE—"Bride Came C.O.D." 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
AURORA—"Mata Hari" 3-30, 6-30 and 10
PALACE—"Two-Faced Woman" 4, 6-30 and 10
CHITRA—"Doctor" 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-15 p.m.
EDWARD—"Woman" 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Rai Saheb" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1 p.m.
ROXY—"Jhoola" 2-15, 5-45 and 9 p.m. Matinee on Sunday at 11 a.m.
PLAZA—"Dushman" 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Pahila Palna" 3-30, 6-15 and 9 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1
SUPER—"Jawani-Ki-Pukar" 4-15, 7 and 9-45 Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Station Master" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 12-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Bharat Milap" 2-45, 6 and 9 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 11-30
OPERA HOUSE—"Tamanna" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Ankh Michowli" 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1
SWASTIK—"Mata" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 12-30 p.m.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE, BOMBAY: Prof. V. G. Rao will speak on A.R.P. at the Damodar Thackersey Hall, Parel, at 7 p.m. to-day (Saturday).

INSURANCE SOCIETY: A meeting of the members of this Society will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.) on premises of the United India Insurance Co. Ltd., Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: If there be no heavy rains, the Municipal Commissioner will meet the elected members of Ward No. 5, to-day (Saturday) at 6-51 a.m. (B.T.) at the junction of Mahomedally Road and Musjid Bunder Road and go round with them in the Ward.

NATIONAL FRONT MEETING: A meeting of the National Front will be held to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. in Nagpada Neighbourhood House, when Khan Bahadur Mahomedally Allabux, will preside and Prof. Moses Ezekiel and others will address on the "War Aims of the Allies".

BOMBAY TENANTS' ASSOCIATION: The meeting of the Managing Board of the Association will be held in 'D' Ward Office (Soman Building, Girgaon Road), to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.).

BOMBAY HINDI VIDYAPEETH: Free Hindi classes will be started in Parel High School, Hospital Avenue, Parel, to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. and will be held every Sunday morning.

LECTURE ON KATHA UPANISHAD: Swami Sambuddhananda will give a public lecture on 'Upanishad' to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. at Sri Ramakrishna Ashram, 64, Portuguese Church Street, Dadar. (B. B. and C. I. Railway.)

M.A.V.: A meeting of the members of the Volunteers Committee will be held to-day (Saturday) at 8 p.m. (S.T.) at the Muslim Area Civil Defence Committee.

TARUN SANGH: A general meeting of the members of Tarun Sangh (Youth League) Bombay will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. at the office of 'Janmabhoomi', 138, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.

BOMBAY SPIRITUAL CENTRE: There will be a discourse by Swami Sambuddhanandaji, President, Sri Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar, on "Sri Ramakrishna and the Divine Mother" to-morrow (Sunday) at 4 p.m. in the premises of the Centre.

PVB

FIRE FIGHTING TRAINING: A meeting of all the P.V.B. volunteers ready and willing to undergo training in Fire-fighting in Dadar Fire Brigade Station, will be held on Monday, the 13th instant at 7-30 p.m. at the 'G' Ward P.V.B. Office, 185, Lady Jamshedji Road, Shivaji Park. Those volunteers who want to join the Fire-fighting Section may please attend the meeting.

'G' WARD CIRCLE NO. 10: A meeting of volunteers from Circle No. 10 will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 8-30 a.m. in Circle Office (Dr. Shah's dispensary, Portuguese Church Street, Dadar).

'D' WARD P.V.B. WEEKLY CAMP: The weekly camp for 'D' Ward P.V.B. Volunteers from Circles No. 3, 4, 7, 9, 10 and 12 will meet to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. at Jinnah Hall. Mr. S. P. Rane will deliver a lecture on "First-Aid."

The Government of Bombay has appointed Mr. Ardeshir Shavakshah Davar, Advocate, as a non-official member of the Board of Visitors of the Government Law College, Bombay.

'A' WARD P.V.B.: A rally of all the volunteers of the 'A' Ward will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 7-30 a.m. (S.T.) sharp on the plot opposite Ward office, Bora Bazaar Street, Fort. All the volunteers are requested to be present without fail.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS: The Jt. Hon. Secretary, writes:—All the members and the recruits are required to be present in full uniform (except 'A' Ward members) at the Congress House at 7 a.m. to-morrow (Sunday) with bicycle to take part in the Detenu Day procession. 'A' Ward members should be present in the 'A' Ward Office at 7-30 a.m. to attend the rally of the P.V.B. The monthly Managing Committee meeting will be held next Sunday instead of this Sunday.

ALL-INDIA DETENU DAY

Sunday, July 12

BURMA CURRENCY TO BE ENCASHED
From July 15 Burma currency notes will be encashed only for genuine refugees at Dibrugarh, Dimapur, Silchar, Margherita, Imphal, Dhubri and Gauhati in Assam and also at offices of the Reserve Bank at Calcutta, Cawnpore and Madras. Permission to encash Burma notes will after July 14 depend on holders' 'bona fides' and all persons now holding Burma notes should make certain to encash them at the nearest Branch of the Imperial Bank of India before July 15.

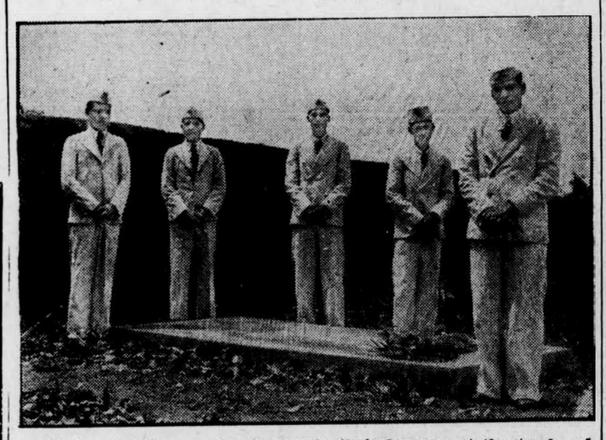
YOUTHS' PARLIAMENT: There will be a debate on "Communalism in India is the Result of Historical Forces" in the Youth Lodge, Blavatsky Lodge, to-day (Saturday) at 6-15 p.m. Mr. M. N. Rao will preside. Mr. B. N. Anklesaria will lead.

RADICALS TO OBSERVE FRENCH REVOLUTION DAY: The Radical Democratic Party has decided to observe the 14th of July as the French Revolution Day. Accordingly units of the Party all over the country will be holding meetings and demonstrations on that day.

LECTURES ON FIRST-AID: Lectures on 'First-Aid' to the Injured will commence in the Class to be organised by the Parsi Ambulance Centre of the St. John Ambulance Association from Wednesday, the 15th instant at 6-15 p.m. in the N. M. Wadia Hall of the Lady Willingdon Building, Dhobi Talao, and will meet on Mondays and Wednesdays, from 6-15 to 7-15 p.m. for about eight weeks. It is essential for A. R. P. services, Rescue and Fire-fighting parties to obtain this important training. No fees are charged. The class is open to all. Those intending are requested to attend at the above place at 6 p.m. on Wednesday next.

EXHIBITION FOOTBALL AT PAREL: The Greek Navy, one of the most popular sides among the local teams, will meet the Muslims 'A' team, in an Exhibition Match, this (Saturday) evening on the St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel at 5-40. There will be an earlier match at 4-40 between the Jolly Sports Club and St. Xavier's College 'A' on the same venue. (2nd. Division of Harwood League).

FIRST-AID LECTURES: "(1) Internal or Concealed Haemorrhage"; "(2) The Snake-bite and the Dog-bite", these will be the subjects of the next lecture, organised under the Servants of Humanity Centre, St. John Ambulance Association by Mr. Burjor J. Shroff, Hon. Secretary, on Monday, the 13th instant at 9 a.m. at Adenwalla Baug, Tardeo Road. Open to ladies and gentlemen of all communities.



Nationalist Goans yesterday paid their homage at the tomb of Louis de Menezes Braganza, the well-known Goan patriot whose death anniversary was celebrated all over Goa and Bombay.

The late Menezes Braganza was a staunch abolitionist of communalism and one of his daughters married a Hindu.

To the extreme left is Dr. Julio Menezes, who is the leader of the Goan nationalist movement in Bombay.

Believe It Or Not!

NAGPUR, (By Mail).
A Muslim boy aged twenty-two belonging to a respectable family of Bombay was detained at Akola by the police with a Kashmiri girl. The Muslim boy made an unusual statement: "This is no romance of the cheaper type," he said. There is no sex in this matter; we represent the rebellious urge of the present age. We have decided to live as true comrades and never as husband and wife as usually understood. We have a definite mission in life and want the world to understand that youth cannot yield to reactionarism and conservatism. It is sheer nonsense to suspect a boy and a girl always of bad motives." The girl added, "No law on earth can disturb our unity, ideals and desires and our union is a well considered plan for something noble and sublime."—"O. P."

RAMAKRISHNA MISSION: Three religious discourses will be held by Swami Sambuddhanandji. The first to-day (Saturday) at Batliboi's Accountancy Institute, Prescott Road, Fort at 3-30 p.m. The second and third on Sunday at 9 a.m. and 5-30 p.m. at Library Mission Hall, Khar Road.

ON THE AIR

SATURDAY, July 11.

Delhi I—Programme
338.6 metres (886 kc/s)
5 p.m. Multani on Vichiter Veena. 5-15 Mashuq Ali Khan. 5-30 Zinat Begam. 6-30 Ghaffar Haider. 6-50 Film-hits. 7 Mohammad Ismail. 7-15 Raftar-e-Zamana. 7-30 Afzal Husain. 7-35 It has happened. 7-40 Mashuq Ali Khan. 7-50 Next week's programmes. 8 The artist in the witness-box, 1. 8-15 For villagers only. 9-50 Pilu on Vichiter Veena. 10 Sarai ke bahar.

Bombay I & II—Programmes
244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)
7-30 to 7-50 a.m. As in Delhi 2. 7-50 News in Hindustani. 8 News in English. 8-10 to 8-50 As in Delhi 2. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 to 9-30 As in Delhi 2.
12 noon to 12-57 p.m. As in Delhi 2. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 to 1-30 As in Delhi 2. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 to 2 As in Delhi 2.
From 7-30 p.m. Bombay 2 will operate on 51.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)
5 p.m. To-morrow. 5-5 Variety. 5-40 News in Marathi. 5-45 News in Gujarati. 5-50 Instrumental music. 6 News in English. 6-10 Counter-attack. 6-15 News in Hindustani. 6-25 Local news and announcements. 6-30 Children's half hour. 7 Indian music. 7-15 to 7-30 As in Delhi 2. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 Listeners' Letters. 7-55 to 8-10 As in Delhi 2. 8-10 News in Marathi. 8-20 News in Gujarati. 8-30 to 9 As in Delhi 2. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Listening post. 9-50 War commentary. 10 to 10-45 As in Delhi 2.

RAJKOT-JASDAN RAILWAY.

(From Our Correspondent.)
According to information from authentic quarters the agreement which was under discussion for long, has been arrived at between Nawanagar and Rajkot States for construction of Rajkot-Jasdan strip of Railway. However the real task for both the States will be to obtain sanction of the Railway Board, which has been withheld owing to opposition of the Morvi State. It is also learnt that the Jamsaheb will make efforts for necessary permission to construct the railway, presumably after the War.

"VOICE OF THE YOUTH"

The Hon. Secretaries of the All-India Students' Federation, Bombay Presidency Students' Federation and Bombay Students' Union write:—

Some youngmen assembled in Delhi in a tiny little hall and denounced Indian nationalism and declared the war as a People's War. This meeting was filmed by Mr. Shantaram and declared as "The Voice of the Youth". Is that the voice of youth? Certainly not. It is the negation of the will of Indian people. Indian youth stands solid like a rock with their mighty national organisation of the Indian National Congress and the All-India Students' Federation.

BOMBAY WAR GIFTS FUND

For Indian Red Cross and Amenities for Troops: Rs. 1,620 through the Collector of Kaira, Kaira District. Rs. 700 the Bombay Wine Merchants, Rs. 500 the Assistant Collector, Panch Mahals, and Chairman, District War Committee, Panch Mahals. Rs. 208-2 through the Mamlatdar, Chiplun, Ratnagiri District.

For the R.A.F.: Rs. 1,619-5-9 through the Collector of Kaira, Kaira District. Rs. 700 the Bombay Wine Merchants, Rs. 500 the Assistant Collector, Panch Mahals, and Chairman, District War Committee, Panch Mahals. Rs. 215 the staff of Messrs. Archer Line, Ltd., (monthly). Rs. 208 through the Mamlatdar, Chiplun, Ratnagiri district.

Grand total on Friday (including sums less than Rs. 100) Rs. 99,75,783-13-4.

Inaugurating A New Era

IN CLASS PICTURES DEPICTING DIVINE SUBJECTS DELICATELY DEALT WITH AND DEXTEROUSLY DEVELOPED!

MRS. LILAVATI MUNSHI

KIRTI PICTURES'
Worshipful Offering To
MOTHER INDIA
MATA
—*Direction*—
GUNJAL
—*Story*—
MOHANLAL DAVE
: *Starring* :
SHOBHANA SAMARTH
CHANDRAKANT, MOTI, MUBARAK, URMILA DEVI, BHUDO ADVANI
ALL-INDIA PREMIERE
TO-DAY 11th JULY
Under the distinguished presidency of
Mrs. Lilavati Munshi
AT THE
: DAILY : 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
SWASTIK
SAT., SUN. and MON. MATINEE AT 12-30 p.m.
—PATHE CINEMA—
Please book in advance
—*Released Through*—ADVANCE FILM EXCHANGE, B'BAY 4.

Giving the Screen A New Star.....
Giving the People A New Inspiration.....
BOMBAY TALKIES' *Present*
MUMTAZ SHANTI
and ULLHAS
in this Picture of Life's Springtime

Also featuring:

MUMTAZ ALI, PRAMILA, SURESH, PITHAWALA, JAGANNATH.
Direction by:
AMIYA CHAKRABARTY
AT
Premiere July 25th,
MAJESTIC
CINEMA ..... GIRGAUM

Telephone No. 22932
Post Box 322
Telegrams: "CHRONICLE"
Registered No. B. 1068

The Bombay Chronicle

NEED FOR SYMPATHY

In view of the possibility of much distress being caused in the process of requisitioning and acquisition of property for defence purposes the Government of Bombay have issued some detailed orders regarding compensation, notice and such other particulars. These instructions are, on the whole, sound and satisfactory. Some of them, however, are far from liberal and definite. For instance, with regard to requisitioning agricultural land it is provided that "annual compensation equal to half the value of the gross produce of the land requisitioned will be awarded as soon as possible". It is evident that only half the value of the produce is proposed because the owner of the land is freed from his labour. But when a number of persons labour over a plot and extract bare maintenance from it, they will be half-starved with half the value of the produce if they cannot all get remunerative labour elsewhere. The full value of the produce, based on the present prices, must be given in hard cases and that must be given immediately after the land is requisitioned. A vague phrase like "as soon as possible" is often abused by unsympathetic and hard-worked officials. Again, we are told that persons evicted from their houses will be given the cost of constructing new houses "as soon as possible". The cost or a good part of it should be given along with the notice of eviction. A peasants' conference organised a few days ago at Satara and presided over by Mr. N. V. Gadgil, has made some ligitimate demands with regard to compensation and other safeguards. A typical one is the demand that "resident of villages should not be asked to vacate unless proper arrangements are made as regards their shelter, sufficient supply of water and other requirements". The demands of the conference deserve to be seriously considered by Government.

Wanted Liberal Compensation

Requisitioning measures are doubtless necessary in times of war. But quite as necessary is generous consideration for those who suffer under these measures. In particular, the poor amongst such persons must be given liberal compensation because otherwise they may suffer terribly in these trying times and their unrelieved distress will cause discontent among large classes of people, which may be a source of danger in a variety of ways. On the other hand it is easy for Government to give liberal compensation. What they want most is property and service of a particular kind in a particular place. Having got them, Government should not be niggardly or harsh toward those whose property or services are requisitioned or who are evicted from their homes. Sympathy costs nothing. And the cost of liberal compensation will be nothing compared to the other items of the war bill.

Relief To Distressed

The supreme importance of these observation should be obvious to those who realise the implications of the Congress Working Committee's resolution giving instructions to those who are affected on account of evacuation or other orders involving loss of property, temporary or permanent. On the one hand, the Committee urges Government to give full compensation to the persons whose property is requisitioned and, on the other, it recommends to these persons self-assertion and, in extreme cases, resistance as the last resort after "all possible avenues of negotiations and relief through negotiations" are thoroughly explored. Gandhiji's hand is clear in the resolution. He is doubtless moved by deep sympathy for the poor dispossessed. He is certainly not suggesting self-assertion and resistance in extreme cases with a view to develop this into a civil disobedience. For when he wants civil disobedience he can easily find many methods for his purpose. The primary purpose of the resolution is relief to the distressed. We, therefore, join the Working Committee in its hope that "Government will take immediate and necessary steps to remove grievances."

Profitable Transaction

Within twenty-four hours of sinking four Japanese destroyers off the Aleutian Islands, American submarines, which have begun operations in the area, have destroyed a fifth also. This success further emphasises the view that the adventure upon which Japan embarked is proving on balance to be painfully disadvantageous to her. The opinion is held in some American quarters that Japanese hold on the western tip of the Archipelago is dangerous to America and to Russia. There is no doubt that it is a severe inconvenience to both and that the Japanese have got to be ejected from there. But, in the meantime, it is more a "profitable transaction" for the U.S.A. than for the Japan. The latter has put another strain on her crippled fleet and merchant navy. For the forces have to be guarded and kept supplied and the hundreds of miles of the line from Japan to the Aleutian protected. The enemy has presented a good prey to the U.S.A. submarines and bombers. They have already taken a heavy toll. In addition to these five destroyers, several naval units, including a cruiser and possibly a small aircraft-carrier as also merchant vessels, had been sunk or damaged previously. This is not a bad bargain.

Turkey's Loss

Doctor Refik Saydam, the late Prime Minister of Turkey, was a solid if unspectacular patriot and statesman who had dedicated his life to the service of his nation that was born after the last war and who eventually laid it down in that service. The loss of such a man would be a grievous enough blow to Turkey even in normal circumstances. It is still more so to-day when the country faces perils and dangers greater and more imminent than any during the last twenty years and when it can ill-afford to lose a statesman, who, with the co-operation and his chief and willing colleagues and the support of his people, has been guiding his country through the last three extremely critical years. The crisis has not subsided, in fact it is growing sharper every day. But Turkey is lucky in finding an able substitute for Dr. Saydam in M. Sarajoglu. As Foreign Minister—and that has been the key post in these times—he has shown remarkable capacity for statesmanship and coolness. There is no doubt that he will be a success as Prime Minister and Foreign Minister for the main problem that Turkey has to deal with in the future remains, as in the past, the problem of her relations with the belligerents.

Frankly Speaking

"Set-back"?

At question time in the House of Commons, a Conservative member innocently mentioned that in the Libyan fighting "British forces were defeated". This annoyed Captain Balfour, the Under-Secretary for Air and he retorted: "The British forces are never defeated. Sometimes they have set-backs but finally they always win." We want to share Captain Balfour's view. But it is difficult to regard the debacle as less than defeat. It can, however, be changed to a mere "set back" which implies a restoration of the original position within a short time. That means that Rommel should at least be pushed back beyond the Egyptian frontier soon. Reuter's review of the last ten days clearly shows that it is not possible. It may be that Auchinleck will keep Rommel pinned down near El Alamein. But that is far from enough.

U. S. And de Gaulle

Leaving the French Nation to decide the form of its political regime itself when it is free to do so after the war, the United States has accorded military recognition to General de Gaulle and his Free French Committee. America virtually accepted the Free French as its Allies when it decided to share with them responsibility for the defence of the New Caledonia in South-west Pacific. But its formal attitude towards the movement had been one of open hesitation due, perhaps, to hopes about Vichy. Anyhow the recognition is timely for it may yet constitute something of a warning to M. Laval. Recently events, particularly in Egypt, may not unlikely be encouraging that gentleman towards further and more serious efforts at realising his proclaimed desire for a German victory. The British occupation of Mayotte island, west of northern Madagascar, would tempt him strongly although the British action was quite necessary. America's attitude may make M. Laval pause.

An Objectionable Passage

We published on Wednesday a letter from a correspondent drawing attention to an objectionable passage from a book "Britain and her Neighbours" published by Blackie and Sons (India) Limited and used in some English schools in Bombay. The following is the passage:

"At Medina he (Prophet Mohammed), *resolved to spread his new religion by the power of the sword and, collecting a large army about him, he went to and fro making war on all who would not join his standard. He attacked cities and caravans on the road*, until, at last, after some years, Mecca itself fell into his hands.

Mohammed believed that he was sent to teach a more perfect faith than the Jewish and Christain religions and that he *ought to force it upon the whole world*." The words italicized, as the correspondent points out, are both historically untrue and a libel on the Prophet and he is right in saying that such passages create a wrong impression on small boys and children about the Prophet and his religion. The correspondent trusts that the authorities of the school (St. Annes Convent School, in which, according to his knowledge, the book is being taught) will expunge the above-quoted passage from all copies of the book used in the school and that the Government will take immediate measures to prevent the repetition of this passage in further editions of the book. The suggestion is made by the correspondent are reasonable and we hope both Government and the school authorities concerned will immediately act upon them.

Unseemly Threats

We cannot understand why the Medical Council of India has thought fit to warn the Universities in the country against raising medical schools to the college standard. The Council holds out the threat that if the attempt continues, it will be obliged to take action under Section 170 of the Indian Medical Council Act 1933 and withdraw recognition of those ill-equipped colleges that may be set up by Indian Universities. Such threats to responsible bodies like Universities are unseemly and unnecessary. The Universities know their responsibilities and are not likely to recognise ill-equipped colleges. The Inter-University Board helps to maintain a fairly uniform standard of instruction and equipment in the country. The Indian Medical Council, too, can help by recommending a minimum standard of equipment for medical colleges. A dictatorial attitude towards Universities does not become it, even though it has power to withdraw recognition from colleges.

Lokashalas

The Bombay Government are rather late in giving effect to the recommendation of the Moore Committee of 1938 to start Lokashalas to promote the general education of pupils who have completed their full primary course and who cannot afford an English education. But it is better late than never. Instruction in the Lokashalas will be through the medium of the regional languages and English will not be taught. Admission to the Lokashala classes will be restricted to pupils who have passed the Primary School Certificate Examination or Standard III of a Secondary School and the Lokshala course will be spread over a period of three years. It should specially be noted that candidates passing the Lokashala Examination will be given preference over those who have passed the Primary School Certificate Examination for admission to training institutions and for employment as primary teachers. The Lokashalas will thus do much to raise the standard of training among trained teachers and thereby the standard of primary education as a whole. We hope there will soon be a large number of Lokashalas in the province and that due encouragement will be given to these by Government and local bodies in the shape of generous grants.

Anglo-Russian Treaty

REACTIONS IN TURKEY

By LEONARD KIRSCHEN

(ANKARA, By Mail).
June 18.

In Turkey when a journalist attains a certain degree of renown and is Editor of a well-known paper, he becomes, at the first election to provide a suitable vacancy, a deputy and member of the Medjilis. He then becomes connected with various committees and especially with the Foreign Affairs Committee. Thus in Ankara both the Editor and Foreign Editor of the Government newspaper "Ulus", B. Falih Rifki Atay and B. Shukru Esmer, are members of the Committee. If they write, their writings are generally associated with the Government.

Now, ever since June, 18 last year, the Turkish Government has maintained a line of strict neutrality. As a consequence comment is very reserved on all occasions and especially when the Government does not wish to see itself committed as having any view at all. It is natural that an event of world-wide importance like the Anglo-Russian treaty cannot come to pass without comment at all but such comment there is conforms to the stereotype formula of "strict neutrality." is in this light that one must read Turkish press comment. I will quote just one comment, when summing up, which will show that notwithstanding the tone adopted, that of complete reserve, comment, which in other newspaper in Turkey was very much on the same lines is unusually favourable.

OLD SUSPICIONS

In a previous dispatch I had pointed out that it may be possible that a new Anglo-American guarantee may be given to Turkey, guaranteeing her territorial integrity and independence after the present war. The main reason for this new guarantee, I then pointed out, was the fact that in Turkey there were still certain doubts as to the future attitude of the Soviets after this war. It was not a matter of "Bolshevisation of Europe", as German propaganda had insistently been whispering into anxious Turkish ears, but the old problem of the Straits, the Persian Gulf or perhaps that of Erzerum and Kars in Eastern Anatolia which had been worrying the Turks, and worrying not since a year ago when Germany in attacking Russia was careful to sling much mud through Hitler's mouth, but for years before if not decades. Matters were still made worse by the fact that Russia had not yet officially given her adhesion to the principles of the Atlantic Charter during the Moscow talks of last December when Mr. Eden visited Mr. Stalin, the Russian leader.

* * *

The new treaty has been received with evident satisfaction because it makes a new guarantee to Turkey superfluous now that Russia has accepted the Atlantic Charter.

In general, Turkish reaction to the pact may be termed as follows: general satisfaction, no undue optimism and certain reserves. Hitherto Russia has proclaimed only one immediate war aim the repulsion of the German invader from Russian soil. Now Russia wants to co-operate until he is beaten and help in reorganising the continent after the war. Therefore, the Turks need not fear a separate peace between Russia and Germany, an alliance between Russia and Japan, or a conceited Russia in the event of a victory over Germany turning against its neighbour countries, especially Turkey, for further territorial aggrandisement. Furthermore, the Turks need not fear the division of the European continent into zones of influence of which most certainly the Balkans would have come under Russian influence. This latter point is especially important for Turkey because one of the main directives of Turkish foreign policy is that of working towards a Federation of Balkan States in the south-east of the European Continent.

There is no optimism because the war has yet to be won.

Why no exuberance? Turkish public opinion has not got the necessary confidence in treaties in order to envisage a future evolving from such with any amount of tranquillity. Judging by her own experience, the only one she can fully rely on, Turkey cannot show too much enthusiasm. It is up to the United Nations, therefore, to infuse into Turkey the necessary confidence and this is what was meant above when I mentioned that it is now necessary to follow up the moral advantages of the treaty.

The Republican Peoples' Party held a private meeting in the Medjlis on Tuesday last and it is believed that, during the exposition made on the international situation by Turkey's Foreign Minister, B. Shukru Saradjoglu, the treaty was mentioned fully. It was stressed that the Turkish Government was fully aware of the fact that there were no secret clauses and that everything was clear and above board. The Government through its foreign Minister told the Medilis members that it had full confidence in the treaty and that it was extremely satisfied.

* * *

Press comment may be summarised by this one article which was published in 'Ulus' of Ankara on June 13, and signed by the Editor, B. Falih Rifki Atay:

"There can be no doubt about the importance of the treaty for post-war developments. Certain democratic countries will feel relief that the Soviets are not only fighting to defend their own country. For some time, tendentious reports causing disagreeable repercussions, have been circulated to the effect that there existed possibilities of an understanding between Soviet Russia and the Axis countries and also about certain facts concerning the possibility of territorial aggrandisement to the detriment of other countries. It was even alleged that some countries might forfeit their independence and that whole parts of the European continent might be abandoned to Soviet influence. The Anglo-Russian talks date since Mr. Eden's visit to Moscow and there can be no doubt now that no differences exist any more about the general principles. Our Government has been informed of the negotiations by both Britain and Soviet Russia. Our national policy can only see with satisfaction any action favouring the liberties of nations. Ever since the establishment of our new republican Constitution our ideals were based on the maintenance of a policy which would lead to the abolition of wars. The principle of non-aggrandisement as laid down in the treaty" reinforce the principles of the Atlantic Charter and also can only lead towards the consolidation of the United Nations. Mr. Molotov did not go to London and Washington because he only wanted to declare Russia's willingness to participate after the war in the common efforts for reconstruction but also to demand more aid for Russia. If on his return he is now happy this means that the necessary assurances have been fully given. These assurances can only have a happy influence on the morale of the red army which is now called upon to face Germany's decisive offensive."

NAZIS DISAPPOINTED

And now for the effects of the treaty on local circles. One of the most powerful arms in the arsenal of German propaganda, that of Russia's intentions towards Turkey, has been suddenly wrenched away at a moment when Germany needed it most. In their struggle against Russia, the Germans have ordered the small nations to march alongside and give their sympathies to their cause. Neutral nations like Turkey they have implored for sympathy. The Turkish Press after this treaty has no interest to express doubts about Russia's attitude and if it does not become Pro-Russia, the Press will certainly abstain in the future to make too favourable a comment on the German cause. It remains to be seen with what other means the Germans will replace this weapon.

Compensation For Requisitioned Land

Gadgil's Suggestions

(From Our Correspondent.)
POONA, July 8.

Mr. Gadgil presided over a conference of peasants recently held in Satara District to discuss the problem of accommodation and employment for peasants whose lands are requisitioned by Government.

Mr. Gadgil in his statement urges that the Government should take necessary steps to see that the particular requisition is necessary and just. "That the valuation of house property," he continues "and fixing up of land rent should be on the bases of present prices and it should be decided with the help of local Panch. Transport charges should also be borne by the Government. Public buildings unoccupied buildings in the adjoining area should be acquired by the Government for the accommodation of the evacuated villagers."

RUMANIAN PRINCE ALLOWED TO RETURN

LONDON, July 10.

Prince Nicholas of Rumania, brother of King Carol, has been allowed to re-enter Rumania, says Radio Paris.—Reuter.

KARACHI.—The Sind Government has declared 82 more persons drawn from various districts of the Province as Hurs under the Hurs Outrages' Suppression Act

Our Readers' Views

Kerosene

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The Bombay Government have certainly done well in fixing the maximum price of kerosene oil in the city and penalising the refusal of its sale by retail dealers. Your prompt editorial note on the subject pointing out the various difficulties in the way of getting the supply of kerosene oil and suggesting a remedy for it is quite welcome.

According to the special notification issued by the Government, the price is fixed at As. 4/3 for quart of a gallon by retail shopkeepers and As. 4/9 by hawkers. The Government ought to have fixed the maximum price for a galloon instead of a quart gallon. At present it has become very hard to obtain kerosene in Bombay either at retail shops or at kerosene depots, and, according to the recent notification, even if it is available at depots, they will refuse to sell it more than a quart gallon which would really be a very great hardship. The minimum quantity should be fixed at least at a gallon.—Yours, etc.,

S. R. K

Coroners And Jury

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Coroner's Court has come into the limelight since the inquest held on a man who died as a result of injuries from an accident with a car in which Sir Homi Mehta was travelling. A number of people are unacquainted with the law relating to Inquest. For those who are interested here are a few points from the Coroners Act 1871 under which a Coroner is appointed and may be suspended or removed by the Provincial Government (Section 4).

The Coroner has power to summon a jury of Respectable persons (Section 13) and to administer the oath to the jurymen (Section 14). The word "respectable" is in capitals to emphasise that being respectable the Coroner should treat the jury as such, no matter how vast his own experience may be.

Section 17 of the Act provided that it shall be the "DUTY OF ALL" persons acquainted with the circumstances attending the death "TO APPEAR BEFORE THE INQUEST AS WITNESSES". Thus it was the duty of Sir Homi Mehta to have given evidence as a witness in the ordinary way, a point which the Coroner overlooked. Was it because Sir Homi was "a very great man in Bombay"?

Section 19 (1) provides that all evidence given shall, except in the case provided by Sub-Section (2), be on oath, and the Coroner "shall be bound to receive the evidence" on behalf of the person who is alleged to have caused or to be concerned in causing the death of the deceased person. Thus the Coroner should have received the evidence in the ordinary way of Sir Homi as a witness on behalf of the person alleged to have caused death.

Sub-Section 5 of Section 19 provides that after each witness has been examined the Coroner shall enquire whether the jury wish any further questions to be put to the witness, and if the jury wish that any such question shall be put, the Coroner SHALL put them. The Coroner, therefore, has no power to muzzle the jury because of his experience or because Sir Homi is "a very great man in Bombay."

By Section 41, a Coroner failing to comply with the provisions of the Act, or otherwise misconducting himself in the execution of his office shall be liable to such fine as the Chief Justice upon summary examination and proof of the failure or misconduct thinks fit to impose—this is, of course, additional to what is provided by Section 4 which gives the right to the Provincial Government to suspend or remove a Coroner.

That is the law on the subject.—Yours, etc.,

LAWYER.

How To Control Profiteering

Mr. Indulal Yagnik, President, All-India Kisan Sabha writes:—

I have submitted the following suggestions to the Government of Bombay to secure a more effective control of profiteering in food-grains and other necessities of life.

1. Government should regulate and control the prices of Bajari, Jowar, Bavato, (Nagali) Banti, Kodara and other coarse varieties of grain that are consumed by the poor masses in different areas.

2. Transport should be controlled along with prices. Railways may not handle the import or export of any grain except with the written permission of authorised officials. Incidentally the officers would thus know the exact amounts that are imported by merchants. At any rate export of all commodities in which the prices are controlled by Government should be strictly prohibited.

3. Prices should be fixed by District officials in consultation with non-official committees representative of the producing Kisans consumers and merchants. The proceedings of these committees should be published to enable the people to know what their representatives are doing in their name.

4. Prices should be so fixed as to suit the pockets of the buyers.

5. The prices fixed by the authorities should be printed every week in big handbills and should be widely advertised in the towns and the villages.

6. The differences between the controlled and the actual prices continue to be palpable and oppressive. These differences should be eliminated by Government by all means at their disposal. Special officers should be appointed by Government to supervise the price control machinery and to detect and inquire into crimes committed in the matter.

7. Magistrates trying offences in the matter should be directed to meet out deterrent sentences to criminal profiteers. Police officials should also help by sending bogus customers to detect crimes and bring the offenders to book.

8. The quota of grain and other necessities should be fixed by District and Taluka officers in consultation with non-official Committees and it should be distributed among such merchants as would undertake to sell the stuff at the fixed prices. Where no such merchants are forthcoming the assistance of public Committees should be secured for opening retail shops.

9. Government should open at least one shop in every revenue circle to set the standard for all shops and to keep all prices to the fixed level.

10. These suggestions should also be applied to kerosene cement etc. which are sold by big companies.

11. Government should direct district officials to seize and sell at fixed prices all grain etc., which are hoarded secretly for profiteering and sell these straightway at fixed or reasonable prices.

12. Government grain shops opened in rural areas would enable Government to grant Tagavi in grain to Khatedars as well as tenants and give doles to the old and the infirm.

Churchgate House Collapse

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Much has been written in your paper, and spoken over the radio, about the selfless work and indomitable courage and energy shown by British troops, Civil Defence Services, the People's Volunteer Brigade and the ladies of the Canteen, but I cannot let this opportunity pass without adding my own humble quota to the praise that has been showered on these ladies and gentlemen. Mention must be particularly made of the untiring work of the ladies of the Canteen, most of whom worked throughout the night, no less than the work of Mr. Coombs of the Fire Brigade Service.

This catastrophe must be an eye-opener to certain sections of the vocal public of the unflagging devotion to duty of the British troops who worked sometimes in most dangerous positions, to relieve the sufferings of poor Indians whom they had never seen or met. It must also be an eye-opener to those who clamour that these very soldiers should leave India and leave us at the mercy of the Japanese whom we shall then proceed to terrorise with non-violent non-co-operation.

Hindus, Muslims, Parsees, Sikhs and Christians all united in the fight to save these poor doomed men from their living grave. Would it be too much to ask that this very unity, shown in such a conspicuous manner, is just what is needed at the present time to save the nation from a living death?

Is it too much to ask?—Yours, etc.

A. B. WADIA.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

The Conservative, Sir Herbert Williams, asked "how many of these dive-bombers were destroyed when the British forces were defeated?"

Captain Balfour retorted "The British forces are never defeated. Sometimes they have set-backs but finally they always win."

—Commons Report.

* * *

At the last meeting of India's "National Defence Council", at Delhi "certain points relating to the recruitment and training of the Air Force personnel which remained outstanding were" says a message, "cleared up."

By being swept away?

* * *

The London "Times" admits that in Burma, "the failure of British policy in the past to associate the people in every way with the defence of their country has been in parts judged by events....."

And with its characteristic promptitude British policy learnt the lesson as witness the Cripps offer about defence to India.

* * *

Having carefully read the correspondence between the Madras Provincial Congress Committee and Sjt. C. Rajagopalachar, we have eventually decided to keep an open mind on the whole question.

We must await Mr. Satyamurti's statement upon it to be issued shortly.

* * *

The Germans are reported to be threatening Rossosh, another important town on the Moscow-Rostov railway 110 miles south of Voronezh.

Does Marshal von Bock imagine by any chance that he is racing Rommel?

* * *

"There is no reason to suppose that Rommel is getting any considerable tank reinforcements. The Allied forces, meanwhile, are certainly not getting weaker."

—Reuter's despatch from Cairo.

Is that all?

* * *

According to a Swedish report, Field Marshal von Runstedt has been inspecting coastal and other defences in Holland."

These thorough Germans do not evidently rule out even improbable contingencies.

* * *

Doctor: "And why do you think the maximum of three cigarettes a day is not doing you any good?"

Patient: "Perhaps it is because I'd never smoked before."

GANDHI

"For Gandhi is a jolly good fellow,
And India is a nice country;
Gandhi tells us to withdraw,
So that Indians can be free.
But Good old Gandhi doesn't know,

That if we leave his people—Gee
The Japs will come and never go.
And where will we be,—and he?
So we tell Gandhi, the good fellow!

That when Japs are beaten—see
The Yanks, the refugees, all will go
Leaving him, and his India free
Cripps came to tell him so,

And he can even ask Amery,
For Gandhi is a jolly good fellow,
And India just must wait and see."

—"NATIONAL CALL."

'My Resistance Is No Surrender,' Pleads 'C. R.'

"Put League And Its Leader To Test": Rajaji Slashes The Defeatists

MADRAS, July 10.

Following is the full text of Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar's statement issued to-day:—

RESISTANCE—NO SURRENDER

"I do not admit the claim that Congress members are not free to criticise the present Congress policy and seek to convert Congress opinion. My resignation is not a surrender. It may be deemed a protest. I do not want everyone who agrees with me to do like me. Freedom can be secured by the giving up of executive responsibility, if any, held. Primary membership and membership in the deliberative committees like the A. I. C. C. and P. C. C. need not be relinquished. I do not believe that the All-India Congress Working Committee has yet decided to make the Congress an opinion organisation—a close corporation with a policy of purging dissentient members and admitting into its ranks only people holding the same views as the present executive.

GAG ON PERSONAL OPINION DEPLORED

I do not admit the interpretation of the candidate's pledge as covering anything but the work in or connected with the legislatures. I do not, therefore, consider that members of the Legislature are bound hand and foot to the resolutions on extraneous subjects that may be passed by Congress committees after their election and in spite of their protests.

I want to convert the Congress and the chief purpose of my resignation is to secure greater freedom of action. My campaign regarding a Hindu-Muslim settlement cannot ease until it is attained. I am out of the Congress in body, but not in spirit. I have got out of the cart not to abandon it, but in order that I may extricate it out of the bog wherein it is stuck and push it forward.

RESISTANCE AT ANY COST

I could have purchased peace and drifted with the current and appeared quite respectable and patriotic. But I cannot find my way to convince myself that such a course would be right. Many important men have made up their mind that

(1) Effective resistance against Japan is impossible.

(2) That do what we might, the British will dodge us and not transfer power to enable us to organise national defence, and

(3) That even if both these were possible Mr. Jinnah will never agree to work with us.

I differ from everyone on these three propositions. I disagree with proposition No. 1 HOPE FOR NATIONAL REGENERATION LIES ONLY IN RESISTANCE, NOT IN SURRENDER UPON A COLD CALCULATION OF THE RESPECTIVE STRENGTH OF ARMED FORCES ON THE TWO SIDES. For, Japan to reduce India to possession is not so easy as defeatists in our country imagine. Japan does not think so and that is the reason why we are yet given an opportunity to put things in order. We have lost much of the precious time given to us by Japan. But there is still some more time available.

TRUST THE BRITON

I disagree with proposition No. 2. Total distrust in the British is not a sign of strength or sturdy patriotism. It amounts to want of confidence in ourselves. It knocks the bottom out of any non-violent theory of action. It can only lead to one logical conclusion, a violent revolution.

COMPROMISE WITH JINNAH

As for No. 3, I hold that even if Congressmen distrust Mr. Jinnah and believe that he will never come down to definite terms, but will ever remain as a bargainer we should put him to the test. A Hindu-Muslim settlement is worth any cost. The blank cheque formula was not mere generosity. It was a necessary corollary of the theory of non-violence on which we built our plans. It cannot be interpreted away unless we revalue the evil of British domination and deem it as a lesser evil.

PUT LEAGUE AND ITS LEADER TO TEST

There are some who hold that a waiting game may be played against the Muslim League. Does anyone who has eyes to see believe that we can dislodge the League from its position in the Muslim community within the next, say, three years? Is there anyone who believes that we can bring about a change in the policy of the League by merely waiting? The only way is to put the League and Mr. Jinnah both to a test of the sincerity of their profession through the proposal that I have made. I am convinced that if the Congress accepts the principle of territorial self-determination that I have proposed in my A. I. C. C. resolution we can make Mr. Jinnah and his League accept it and join the Congress in a united political front—A. P.

TWO ENEMY MINE-SWEEPERS SUNK

LONDON, July 10.

A special admiralty communique announces that two enemy minesweepers were sunk and three others seriously damaged in an action last night by two light coastal craft.

Both the British vessels returned to harbour without casualties.

A special Admiral Communique announces:—"In a highly successful action last night our coastal craft inflicted loss, damage and casualties upon a superior enemy force. Two of our light coastal craft, commanded by Lieut. J. D. Ritchie, and Lieut. I. R. Griffiths, were on a patrol off the enemy coast, when they encountered six enemy minesweepers. Our craft at once engaged the enemy and pressed their attack home to point-blank range. Two of the enemy minesweepers were sunk and three others were seriously damaged. Both of our vessels have returned to harbour without having suffered any casualties."

JAP PLANE SHOT DOWN.

CHUNGKING, July 10.

An American Communique says: "One Japanese two-engined observation aeroplane was shot down at Hengyand yesterday.

R.A.F. LAYS MINES IN ENEMY WATERS.

LONDON, July 10.

An Air Ministry Communique says: "Last night our bombers laid mines in enemy waters. One aircraft is missing.

Two aircraft of Coastal Command are missing from patrol yesterday. (Thursday)."—Reuter.

Axis 'Sub' Harasses Wrecked Sailors

DURBAN, July 10.

After an Axis submarine had torpedoed and sunk a merchant ship off the east coast of Africa, the commander surfaced and machinegunned survivors, who were clinging to drift wood and rafts.

This story was told by a Chinese seaman, who has just been landed in Durban. He and 51 other men were found by a Durban whaler drifting down the coast. Some of the men clung to the bottom of an upturned boat and others held on to a wreckage. A Chinese officer and ten lascars were drowned. When they were escaping in another boat the submarine pelted it with machinegun bullets and with a gaping hole in the side of the boat the men sat for twenty hours with water up to their necks.—Reuter.

Soviet-Dutch Pact Signed

LONDON, July 10.

A Soviet-Netherlands agreement was signed at the Soviet Embassy by M. Maisky on behalf of the Soviet Union and Mr. Michiels Van Verduynen, Deputy Foreign Minister, on behalf of the Netherlands.

The Dutch Foreign Minister Van Kleffens is in the U.S.A. in attendance on Queen Wilhelmina.—Reuter.

DUKE OF GLOUCESTER IN JODHPUR

JODHPUR, July 10.

Continuous rain failed to mar the visit of Lt. General H. R. H. the Duke of Gloucester to Jodhpur. His Royal Highness flew from Bombay yesterday in cloudy weather and arrived here before noon. At the aerodrome he was accorded a warm reception by His Highness the Maharaja, the Maharajkumar, the Resident, the Political Agent and Nobles and officials of the State.

The Duke inspected the guard of honour provided by the Jodhpur training battalion before leaving the aerodrome. He also inspected No. 2 elementary flying training school consisting of Indian pupils who are preparing to join the Indian Air Force. In the afternoon the Duke inspected the Jodhpur training battalion the third Jodhpur infantry and body guards on parade. Afterwards he visited the Jodhpur Sardar Rissala training centre where he was shown round by Brig. Duncan, Commandant of the State Forces and Major Thakur Zabarsingh, Officer Commanding the centre.

This morning His Royal Highness left for the N.W.F. Province.—A.P.

DUKE IN PESHAWAR

PESHAWAR, July 10.

H.R.H. the Duke of Gloucester landed here at noon to day and was welcomed at the aerodrome by the Governor Sir George Cunningham and High Army and Air Force officers. The Duke drove to Government House where he inspected the guard of honour.—A.P.

Bombay Governor Thanks Gloucester

BOMBAY, July 10.

Replying to the message from His Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester, His Excellency the Governor of Bombay has sent the following telegram:—

"I thank Your Royal Highness for your most inspiring message. Your visit to this Presidency has brought us fresh encouragement and has served to steel our wills to pursue relentlessly the tasks to which we have set our hand."—A.P.

GANDHIJI'S NEW MOVE

Jawaharlal's View

WARDHA, July 9.

Whatever we do our desire and intention are clear that we do not wish to injure the cause of China or the defence of India, said Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in a Press interview. He added: "It is obvious that any step we may take against the British Government may be full of perils but on the other hand not taking any step is still more perilous. We have to choose the lesser danger.

It has become highly important to raise the spirit of resistance ultimately to resist the Japanese. By passively submitting to things in India to-day that spirit of resistance will be crushed.

The problem before the Congress is to take such steps to increase the peoples' spirit of resistance in such a way so as to avoid in so far as we can creating a situation which might temporarily help the Japanese or any foreign invader and not come in China's way. This may not be completely possible for the time because the step we take might involve non-submission to British authority creating further complications.

But in whatever we do our desire and intention are clear that we don't wish to injure the cause of China or the defence of India. The Congress position has very much changed since Sir Stafford Cripps' departure."

GANDHIJI'S NEW MOVE

Referring to Mahatma Gandhi's intention to launch a new movement Pandit Nehru said: The fundamental way to look at it is how ultimately to increase the strength of the Indian public to meet invasion. If I am convinced that I might weaken India I will not take that step."

Pandit Nehru referred to the Malaya and Burma campaigns and said events are shaping in such a manner that the Indian people are becoming more and more passive and sullenly submissive.

My fear is if things are allowed to take their course they will get prepared to submit to Japanese invasion. The feeling of submission to Britain leads to submission to Japan. I want non-submission and the development of resistance to the invader.

Pandit Nehru emphasised that the programme of self-sufficiency and self-protection initiated by the Congress aimed to give Indian people the background to develop a spirit of resistance.—A.P.

FACTORIES WAR RISKS INSURANCE

Central Govt. Announcement

NEW DELHI, July 11.

The Central Government has fixed August 1, 1942 as the date for the purpose of the proviso to Sub-Section (1) of Section 8 of the Insurance Act in respect of all insurers in any class of insurance business in British India,, excepting thos insurers who are constituted, incorporated or domiciled in the Indian States of Baroda and Mysore.

It has been decided that the Advisory Committee appointed for the purpose of War Risks (goods) Insurance Scheme should function to the same extent and in the same manner for the purpose of the War Risks (factories) Insurance Scheme, it is officially announced here.

Film To Show Marks Of Friendly Aircraft

(From Our Correspondent)

WASHINGTON, July 10.

Chinese Embassy officials in Washington working in conjunction with the U. S. Army Signal Corps have produced a film with the object of making clear to fighting units the distinguishing marks of friendly aircraft. All types of American and British planes are shown in action. The villain of the story is a Japanese fighter plane.

Satara Peasants' Conference

(From Our Correspondent)

SATARA, July 6.

A peasant's conference was organised by the Congress workers under the chairmanship of N. V. Gadgil, President, M. P. C. C. on the 5th July, when the following demands were made in the form of a resolution:

(1) The acquisition of lands should not be undertaken till the harvest is reaped, that is, it should be postponed till Divali.

(2) If the above demand is not being conceded, the Government should see that due compensation should be paid to the peasant in kind or in cash as required by the person concerned taking into consideration the present prices of grain as well as the material required for building purposes. Besides proper arrangements should be made for the adequate supply of food for cattle.

(3) The residents of villages should not be asked to vacate unless proper arrangements are made as regards their shelter, sufficient supply of water and other minor requirements.

A committee has been set up including M.L.A.'s and M.L.C.'s with R. M. Deore, a pleader from Koregaon, Ghorpade, Gholap and Phopale as acting Secretaries. The Committee is to collect the necessary information and see that the above demands are conceded by the Government. The president-elect assured the audience that the national organisation would spare no pains in persuading the Government to fulfil the assurances at the earliest convenience. The Conference was well attended, mostly by peasants.

'Soviet Mitra Sangha' under the chairmanship of the veteran Left-wing Congress leader Mr. Nath Ghanekar of Satara has been founded. The Sangha is to publish some pamphlets containing facts as regards Soviet Agriculture, education and such other notable phases of the Soviet Union Life. By the bye, the Sangha will propagate to arrange lectures of those who have studied Soviet Constitution, the social structure of the Soviet land.

RESPONSE TO HUQ'S MOVE

Bengal Premier To Tour Country To Organise Rival League

LUCKNOW, July 10.

Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, Premier of Bengal, who went to New Delhi to attend the meeting of the National Defence Council on his way back to Calcutta halted at Lucknow.

Interviewed, Mr Fazlul Huq said that he had been receiving good response to his circular in regard to the All-India Progressive Muslim League from many people. He said that he would organise the League at Bengal first before starting the activities of the League in other provinces. He emphasised the need for undertaking an All-India tour in the near future in this connection.—United Press.

LESSON OF CRIPPS MISSION

The suggestion that the Indian National Congress should take up the responsibility of framing a constitution for India based on such principles as to be absolutely fair and just to all important sections of the people, is made by Mr. Fazal Ibrahim Rahimtoola in a statement.

CONCENTRATE ON WAR EFFORT

"The greatest obstacle to India's freedom" he says, "is the existence of multifarious parties and interests in India. It is futile to blame the British Government or Mr. Jinnah. I think our energies would be better utilised if we were to concentrate on the issue confronting the country and see that we are not too late in our united War Effort to prevent the enemy's entrance.

It is the obvious duty of political leaders in India to devise ways and means to meet the point of view put forward by the Secretary of State for India. I have no doubt that His Majesty's Government are very keen to secure our help and co-operation on terms of equality with other dominions under the British Commonwealth of nations. Why not prove to the world that we are capable of uniting and able to govern ourselves?

CONGRESS ASKED TO FRAME CONSTITUTION.

"The Indian National Congress claims to be a national organisation. It is the obvious duty of a national organisation to make serious efforts to reach a solution. If this does not appear possible in view of the divergent views held in different quarters the simplest plan appears to be for the Congress to take up the work of framing a constitution for self-government, fair and just to all different sections in this country and acceptable to them. It is absolutely useless to continue talking about a Constituent Assembly based on adult suffrage after having had experience of the working of safeguards provided in the Government of India Act of 1935. Such safeguards cannot be expected to satisfy important minorities in this country. The only solution of this complicated problem is for the National Congress to take up the responsibility of framing a constitution for India based on such principles as to be absolutely fair and just to all the important sections inhabiting this land and having drafted it, to put it forward for public criticism. If the constitution is framed in a spirit of farsighted statesmanship it is sure to command a large following in the country and some few alterations here and there may be made to meet any valid points urged in public criticism leading to the formulation of an accepted constitution for self-governing India.

If this is done, Britain cannot resist the transfer of power to India and India will not rise as a self-governing nation occupying a prominent position amongst the nations of the World.—A. P.

French National Holiday

LONDON, July 7.

With the approach of July 14, the French national holiday, underground organisations working for General de Gaulle in France are preparing to challenge the Germans this year on a bigger scale than before, writes E. B. Wareing in the "Daily Telegraph". Free French headquarters in London have received the text of a message now being distributed secretly in France. It states: "July 14 gives you the best opportunity of showing your feelings until you can impose your will. Beflag your houses. Walk about the main streets during the afternoon displaying the three colours of our flag. At 6-30 form groups to sing the Marseillaise."

WASHINGTON: America is observing "Free French Week" from July 8. The "Week" concludes on July 14, Bastille Day Ceremonies and servicse emphasising the importance of the Free French movement to the cause of the United Nations are being held throughout the country.

U. S. Submarine 'Killer'

"Sea Ranger" Passes Test And Is Now Ready For Naval Action

SEATTLE, July 10.

The Boeing Aircraft Corporation announces that following successful test-flight, the new all-metal twin motor flying boat, "Sea Ranger," is now ready to be handed over to the United States Navy.

The aircraft, which is capable of hunting and destroying enemy submarines and other vessels far from shore bases, was built after a year of secret experimental work.

It has full living accommodation for a crew of ten and is expected to carry heavier bombload for longer distance than any plane now in the services.—Reuter.

IMMOVABLE PROPERTY INSURANCE

Sir Purushottamdas Says Study Bengal Scheme

A study of the report made by a committee appointed by the Government of Bengal to report on the feasibility of insuring immovable property in that province was recommended by Sir Purushottamdas Thakurdas, in the course of an interview with a representative of the "Bombay Chronicle" regarding the scheme of War Risk Insurance of Immovable Properties put forward by the Government of Bombay.

MAKE IT VOLUNTARY

Exemption of small property-holders from compulsory insurance and the charging of a premium lower than the one suggested by Government, were the two important suggestions made by an Insurance official in an interview. The official, who is connected with an important company dealing with property insurance, after ascertaining the opinion of several of his customers made the following suggestions:

"The Bombay Government is considering granting War Risk insurance against buildings used for commercial and residential purposes and is eliciting public opinion. The main consideration is whether the insurance should be made compulsory or voluntary. If the insurance is made compulsory, a large number of small property-holders will find it very difficult to pay the necessary premium. On the other hand, if the scheme is made voluntary, it will amount to what is known in insurance language as "selection against Government," i.e., only property-holders in immediate danger zones would be asking for insurance cover. As in War Risk (Goods) Insurance Scheme, Government may exempt small property-holders, the exemption limit being fixed for Bombay at Rs. 50,000 and for mofussil at about Rs. 25,000. If the small property-holders are exempted from compulsory insurance, the scheme would be welcome in most quarters in the Province of Bombay. The small property-holders should be allowed to come under the insurance scheme, if they so desire, with a provision that if they once enter the scheme, the insurance will subsequently be made compulsory as long as the war lasts.

"The second question is regarding fixation of the rate. Government has fixed four per cent. for two years. But as buildings used for commercial and residential purposes are not military targets, the premium should be considerably less than that for factories. It appears that half per cent. for one year or one per cent. for two years would be quite sufficient.

"Valuation of buildings used for commercial and residential purposes and payment of claims should be on the same basis as adopted by Insurance companies for Fire Insurance."

SIR P. T.'S VIEWS.

In the course of his interview Sir Purushottamdas Thakurdas said:—

"Regarding the War Risk Insurance of Immovable Properties scheme put forward by the Government of Bombay, it is proposed to make the scheme operative in Bombay city and suburbs, Poona and Ahmedabad. Government have asked for suggestions and remarks on the scheme by property-owners and others, and those who wish to ensure their capital being safe will welcome this scheme. Of course, the premium as indicated in the scheme will have to be paid, but as against that premium there is the safety secured of the capital not being lost in case of an accident. I see that the scheme lays down that if the contributions recovered by the premium are not fully used up on the scheme, the balance is to be refunded.

STUDY BENGAL SCHEME.

"I am sure the Government of Bombay are aware that in Bengal, the Government there appointed a representative Committee for the purpose of reporting on the feasibility of insuring immovable properties in Bengal, and I understand that that Committee has submitted a comprehensive report. Those who are interested in this scheme may find a perusal of that report useful. I have no doubt the Government of Bombay themselves must have a copy of that report for their information before they finally decide upon the scheme for Bombay Province.

Major Donald Dies Of Heart Attack

SIMLA, July 10.

Death occurred due to heart attack to-day of Major A. G. Donald, Deputy Assistant Director of Armaments, M.G.O. Branch, G.H.Q., Simla.

The deceased belonged to Dulwich, near London.—A.P.

Chiang's Message To Roosevelt

"Allies Must Annihilate Forces Of Evil In Pacific"

WASHINGTON, July 10.

General Chiang-Kai-Shek has sent a cable to President Roosevelt thanking him for his message on the occasion of the fifth anniversary of the outbreak of the Sino-Japanese war.

He adds: "Our army and people fully realise the prime necessity of annihilating the forces of evil in the Pacific so as to hasten the day of victory in this war against aggression."

U. S. CITIZEN ON ESPIONAGE CHARGE

American citizen, Herbert Karl Friedrich Bahr, who landed in the United States from the liner "Drottingholm" which recently arrived with United States nationals from Europe has been arrested on charges of espionage, it is revealed to-day by the Department of Justice.

It was at first thought that Bahr had landed by a rubber dinghy from an U-boat. His espionage activities were brought to light after intensive investigation of the "Drottingholm's" passengers.

STETTINUS TO GO TO BRITAIN

It is authoritatively confirmed to-night that the United States Lease-Lend Administrator Mr. Edward Stettinus is to take a special trip to Britain soon.—Reuter.

MAHATMA AT HELM AGAIN

(Continued From Page 1)

ed. Where it is impossible compensation in money should be paid. Values of trees, water channels and wells, etc., taken over or destroyed should be included in the compensation.

AGRICULTURAL LAND.

In case of temporary acquisition of agricultural land the full value of crops plus 15 per cent of it should be paid for each crop lost and when occupation by the Government terminates compensation should be paid for restoring the land to its previous condition for agricultural purposes. Where the bulk of land of agriculturist is acquired and balance left over is so small that it may not be worth cultivating the balance too should be acquired. Houses where acquired should be fully paid for. Where bulk of agricultural land of an agriculturist is acquired and only his house if left over, the house should also be acquired by paying full compensation of the agriculturrist so desires.

RESIDENTIAL PLACES.

Where a house is to be occupied temporarily for Government purposes, fair rent should be paid and the owner compensated for the inconvenience and discomfort caused. No one should be required to vacate his house without arrangement being made elsewhere for his residence and full compensation should be paid for transport of the evacuees' belongings and for his maintenance for a reasonable period, to enable him to find suitable occupation in his new surroundings. Compensation should in all cases be paid promptly and on the spot by a responsible officer and not at the headquarters of the district.

DISPUTES

In case no agreement is reached between the authorities and the evacuees regarding the amount of compensation and the matter has to be referred to a tribunal for decision, the amount of compensation proposed by the authorities should be paid forthwith and should not be withheld pending adjudication of the claim. There should be no interference with the use or disposal of private property except with the consent of the owner or on payment of adequate compensation.

SURRENDER OF BOATS

In case of requisition of boats full compensation should be demanded and no boats should be surrendered till the question of compensation is settled. In areas surrounded by water where boats are indispensable for normal everyday life they should not be surrendered at all. Fishermen who depend upon their boats for earning their livelihood should be compensated for loss of their employment in addition to the price of their boat.

In case of requisition of cycles, motor vehicles, carts, etc., full compensation should be demanded and until the question of compensation is settled they should not be parted with.

SALT FAMINE

In view of the scarcity of salt and apprehended famine of it due to war conditions, facilities should be provided for the collection, preparation and transport of salt on the sea coast and in inland areas free of duty by individuals. People may manufacture salt for their own consumption and that of their cattle.

With regard to the restrictions on organisation for self-protection, the Committee is of opinion that it is the inherent right of all to protect their own life and property and those of their neighbours and, therefore, all restrictions on them should be disregarded.

KARACHI.—At the request of the Provincial Government, the Government of India have intimated that 5,000 bags of sugar are being arranged for Sind and necessary wagons provided at five mill areas in the United Provinces to carry them.

CHINESE RECAPTURE NANCHENG

LONDON, July 10.

The Chinese have recaptured the important town of Nancheng in Kiangsi Province in Eastern China.

Thirty thousand Japanese troops trapped along the Kan River between Sinkan and Changchunchen fled after losing 2,000 men.—Reuter.

BROOMFIELD AWARD TO B. E. S. T. WORKERS

(Continued From Page 1)

paragraph 5i. If the Company's estimate of the cost of the Unions' demand (Rs. 3,30,000) is correct, the extra expenditure under the new system may be one to one and a half lakhs a year. The Company's own offer, as I understand it, would have cost Rs. 82,500. The Unions demanded an extra day's pay. The Company offered extra pay for a quarter of a day). In any case there can be no doubt as to the necessity for this reform.

GOVT.'S DECISION

The Government of Bombay accepts the recommendations and has decided to enforce them for a period of four months. The Government decision says:—

Whereas in the opinion of the Government of Bombay it is necessary for maintaining services essential to the life of the community to enforce the award of the adjudicator, the Hon. Sir Robert Broomfield, appointed under Government Notification, No. 5907/34, dated the 29th May 1942, to adjudicate the trade dispute between the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company, Limited, and its employees;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (d) and (e) of sub-rule (1) of rule 81A of the Defence of India Rules read with Government of India, Department of Labour, Notification No. L.3005, dated the 20th May 1942, the Government of Bombay is pleased to make the following order, namely:—

The said award shall be in force and shall bind the Company and its employees for four months from the date of publication of the award in the "Bombay Government Gazette", provided that it shall remain in force for the duration of the war save in so far as it is determined by notice in writing given by or to the Company to or by the representative of any section of the Company's employees in the manner hereinafter specified.

Such notice may be given at any time after two months from the publication of the said award. The notice shall not have effect until a period of twenty days or such longer period as may be specified in the notice has expired since the giving of the notice, provided that no such notice shall have effect before the expiry of four months from the date of the publication of the award. The notice shall have the effect of determining such term or terms of the award as it may specify as regards the Company and as regards the section of the employees concerned.

For the purpose of giving or receiving notice a Trade Union shall be deemed to be the representative of any section of the Company's employees, if the Union has, at the time of the giving of notice, as its members 25 per cent or more of the employees in that section.

If any section is not represented by a Trade Union, a majority of the employees in that section may authorise in writing not more than ten of its members to give or receive notice on their behalf.

The Company shall post a copy of any notice it intends to give on any board prominently displayed in any place where the employees concerned commonly go and if within seven days no representative of the employees concerned has requested in writing service of the notice, the Company shall give notice by posting the same on such board.

A copy of any notice given under this Order shall be sent to the Commissioner of Labour.

Neither the Company nor any of its employees for any person shall contravened or abet the contravention of any term of the award while in force.

For the purpose of this Order the following shall be the sections:—

(a) Busmen,
(b) Tramwaymen,
(c) Workshopmen.
(d) Any other section recognised by the Commissioner of Labour, Bombay.

Note.—The penalty for contravention of the terms of the Award has been provided by rule 81-A (4) read with rule 5 of the Defence of India Rules.

BRITISH SUBMARINES ACTIVE

LONDON, July 10.

An Admiralty Communique states: "Our submarines continue to inflict losses upon enemy lines of communication in the Mediterranean. A submarine under the command of Lt. H. S. Mackenzie has destroyed two more enemy ships bound for Libya. This submarine torpedoed and sank a medium sized merchant ship in a strongly escorted convoy carrying supplies to Libya. Later a medium-sized naval auxiliary vessel was intercepted and attacked by the same submarine. An enemy vessel which was south bound was hit by torpedoes and sunk."—Reuter.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

(Established 42 years.)

INDIA'S FUTURE DEPENDS ON EXPERT SALES MANAGEMENT INSURANCE, BANKING, COMMERCE AND JOINT STOCK COMPANY EXPANSION.

Aspiring Students of Commerce should therefore give all attention to study of Specialised Courses in this **Most Famous Indian College for detailed and thorough** education for practical Professions such as **Sales Managership (A. I. S. M. A.) Insurance Managers (A. C. I. I.), Bank Officers (C. A. I. B.) Registered Private Secretaries (F. Inst., P. S.) and General Commerce Course L.C.C. and D.Com. I. M. C.)** for which there is an unlimited **Field** and advantageously combine either **Company Secretarial (F. C. C. S.) or Accountancy R. A., A. A. I. A.)** Course as the last two are best suited for combination.

TUITION THROUGH POST A SPECIAL FEATURE

Consult PRINCIPAL DAVAR or Apply for Prospectus giving details.
51, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

LEUCODERMA AND LEPROSY

SPECIALIST PHYSICIAN

Pandit Ram Pran Sharma is famous for over 50 years in the able treatment of Leprosy Anaesthetic or Nodular types, Leucoderma Psoriasis Eczema diseases of the nerves and glands and various other skin-diseases. Write for particulars. Address:—HOWRAH KUSTHA KUTIR, Post Box No. 7, HOWRAH (Bengal).

HABIB BANK LTD.

BOMBAY

Branches:—MAHOMEDALI ROAD & ZAVERI BAZAR.

Incorporated on .. .. 25 -8-1941
Scheduled under the Reserve Bank of India Act on 12-11-1941

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	**Rs.**	**50,00,000**
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	**Rs.**	**50,00,000**
PAID-UP CAPITAL	**Rs.**	**25,00,000**

Deposits as on 30-6-42 Rs. 1,11,98,000

CHART OF PROGRESS

Date.	Total No. of A/cs.	Total Deposits.
31-12-41	690	Rs. 33,56,000
31 -3-42	1162	Rs. 52,74,000
30 -6-42	1546	Rs. 1,11,98,000

With a view to assist the small investor to procure Mint certified gold, we have opened our **Gold Bars Department** Our small gold bars are sold and repurchased at the following rates of premium on market price of pure gold:—

	SELLING PRICE.	BUYING PRICE.
5-tola bars	0-6-0 per tola	0-4-0 per tola
15-tola bars	0-4-0 per tola	0-2-0 per tola

HABIB BANK'S GUINEA GOLD BARS are ideal for ornaments. Obtainable in bars of 15-tolas and in smaller pieces.

ORIENTAL

THOROUGH PROTECTION FULL SECURITY

That is what the "ORIENTAL" has given its lakhs and lakhs of Policy-holders during the sixty-eight years of its existence, THROUGH TIMES OF PEACE AS WELL AS WAR, by following the best principles of sound Life Assurance business. The "ORIENTAL" can do for you what it has done for them.

Claims already paid exceed	Rs.	26 Crores.
Policies in force assure over	Rs.	85½ „
Annual Income for 1941 about	Rs.	5 „
Funds amount to nearly	Rs.	30 „

GOVT. SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE Co. Ltd.,
ESTD. 1874. Head Office: BOMBAY.

NOBLE

FIRE AND BURGLAR RESISTING

SAFES

A large order for these has been placed by Government Departments after exhaustive tests

Come what may, your valuables will remain safe and secure if you keep them in NOBLE Steel Safes. They are constructed out of heavy steel plates that assure a long life. Handy safes, coffers and cash boxes are specially built to serve the needs of small shops, households, etc. They are modestly priced yet offer maximum security. Ask for particulars.

NOBLE STEEL PRODUCTS Ltd.

Iron Founders, Structural Engineers and Manufacturers of Modern Steel Furniture for Office, Home, and Hospital, Fire and Burglar Proof Safes, Strong Room Doors, Steel Cabinets, Cash Boxes, etc.

Fort Show Room:—	*Head Office:—*	*Kalbadevi Show Room:—*
Rustom Building, 27, Churchgate St., Fort, BOMBAY.	37, Parel Road, Cross Road, Parel, BOMBAY 12.	288, Kalbadevi Rd., BOMBAY.
Telephone No. 22448	Telephone No. 43440	'Phone 30689.

Telegrams: "FIREPROOF"

"Mata" Comes To-day To Swastik

Mumtaz Ali and Pramila in 'Easant' shortly coming to Majestic.

SHOBHANA PLAYS TYPICAL MOTHER

Kirti Pictures' "Mata" will be released to-day at Swastik. The story is written by Mohanlal Dave and the film is directed by Mr Gunjal.

It has an all-star cast in that Shobhana Samarth, Chandrakant, Moti, Mubarak, Urmila Devi and Bhudo Advani are all there.

The story is said to depict a woman's psychology as mother and is reported to have been creditably transferred to the screen as should be expected from the imposing list of persons who have contributed to make it.

Nalini Jaywant and Jilloo in 'Ankh Michowli' at Imperial.

"BASANT" BUILT FOR DUAL AIM

Dance lyrics are an art. They are an art by themselves. All lyrics are not dance songs, even as all songs are not lyrics.

Dance lyrics have to be poetry, they have to have music; they should have cadence. Mr. Santoshi has composed dance lyrics for Mumtaz Shanti in Bombay Talkies' latest film "Basant", coming to the Majestic Cinema on the 25th of this month.

To compose dance songs for a Bombay Talkies production, and for a dance artiste of the calibre of Mumtaz Shanti, especially when the dances are composed by Mumtaz Ali, is a privilege. The poetry of the lyrics has to be powerful, the music rich, and the cadence distinctive.

"Basant" may well be expected to enrich the screen in many ways. One may expect Mumtaz Shanti, the Punjab's favourite dance artiste, will emerge as a Star in "Basant".

Shobhana Samarth and Chandrakant in 'Mata' coming today to Swastik.

POPULAR SECOND RUN HITS

Greta Garbo's great comedy hit, "Two Faced Woman" will be revived to-day at Palace for a week. "Second Fiddle", starring Sonja Henie and Tyrone Power will be shown at the same theatre on Sunday at 10 a.m.

Greta Garbo also figures in "Mata Hari" her celebrated success at Aurora. Her role as a spy overcome by love, is a thrilling episode in film history.

"The Bride Came C.O.D.", has commenced from Friday at Paradise. James Cagney and Bette Davis are the stars.

On Sunday at 10-30 a.m. James Stewart, Jean Arthur and Lionel Barrymore in "You Can't Take It With You" will be shown.

"Doctor" runs for the 8th week at Chitra and that is a sure index of its popularity.

"Woman" is being revived at Edward from to-day. Sardar Akhtar has done splendid work in this popular National picture.

Prabhat's "Agni Kankan" in Marathi starring Baburao Pendharkar, Winayak, Leela and the late Buwa Saheb, has been revived by popular demand. Next Saturday Prabhat's "Tukaram" will be revived as a special attraction for Ashad Ekadasi.

Minerva's "Pukar" is the current programme at the newly opened "City Light" Cinema on the Lady Jamshetji Road B. B. Matunga. "Pukar" which has established its stamp of quality all over India needs no introduction to Cinegoers.

Amar's first popular hit 'Khilauna" in which Snehprabha Pradhan is starred is now in second week at Broadway and may be expected to run for many more weeks.

'Phir Milenge' For Central On July 18

There is an important tiding from Minerva Studios. "Phir Milenge", the first picture after the classic "Sikandar", is now scheduled for release on 18th July at Central.

As the reports go, "Phir Milenge" is expected to be another great achievement of Sohrab Modi. His productions are considered as important land-marks in the history of motion picture art. One remarkable quality about Sohrab Modi is variety of themes in his various pictures. There could hardly be a greater distinctiveness in the tone and presentation of "Hamlet", "Khan Bahadur", "Jailor", "Pukar". "Bharosa", and "Sikandar".

Sardar Akhtar in 'Phir Milenge' shortly coming.

The same is true of his new picture, "Phir Milenge", featuring such well-known players as Sardar Akhtar, Sadiq Ali, Meena and K. N. Singh.

'Tamanna' Proves Popular

Lila Desai's first Bombay film "Tamanna" produced by Laxmi Productions has stabilised its run at the local Opera House where it was released three weeks ago. A strong and suspenseful story written by a well-known author Dr. Noresh Sen Gupta, has been translated into an appealing screen play by Director Phani Mazumdar.

Lila Desai in the main role of a proud girl brought up by an indulgent rich elder brother gives the best performance of her career. Her role has a complex character and is worth studying. In the first half of the film Lila is seen as the care free, high spirited girl who does not recognise the inequality in the social status of male and female. In the latter half she asserts herself as the noble girl who cares more for service to humanity than for love and personal feelings.

"Ankh Michowli" At Imperial Stars Nalini Jayawant

Nalini Jaywant easily shines as a very promising star of the Indian screen in Amar Pictures' second production "Ankh Michowli" This is scarcely fitting successor of "Khilauna", though entertaining in its own way. Sulachana's entry in "Ankh Michowli" has not been very helpful to make the film attractive enough. Jilloo has played a devout wife's and loving but disciplinarian mother's role quite well. The story material is very ordinary. As a mechanical production, it maintains a good standard as photography and sound-recording are satisfactory. Amar must take care to secure good stories. They had begun well with "Khilauna".

Universal Popularity Of "Khan-Daan"

Some men have all the luck. Judging only by the results his pictures yield, Producer Dalsukh Pancholi would appear to be Fortune's special favourite. For who ever heard of a picture running to full houses simultaneously at three theatres—not in India's Western Gateway but in the North Western?

"Khan Daan" has done what was never thought possible. It has been having bumper houses at these theatres at Peshawar. Bombay is not alone in giving "Khan Daan" that phenomenal welcome of which the full houses in the twelfth week at the New West End are such convincing evidence. There is hardly a city of which the same is not true.

'Station Master' Settles Down At Minerva

Prakash Pictures' musical social "Station Master" is proving from its wide popularity in the city's film fare, one of those fine attractions which have been steadily gaining ground in public esteem.

The special feature of its unwarranted success is its musical side which is, being absolutely of new type tinged with heart touching and lilting melodics, every time bringing repeated audience to Minerva.

"Duniya Ek Tamasha Hai" is running to full houses at Novelty Talkies for its unusual entertainment value.

'Jawani Ki Pukar" At Super

Artists Combine's "Jawani Ki Pukar" which is still running in Delhi and Karachi has entered its second week at Super where it is drawing packed houses in each show. The picture owes its popularity to the manifold attractions it offers; but the credit mainly goes to Afghan Sandow who in supporting cast steals the show from the principals and puts over the most popular performance.

Acharya Art's "Kunwara Bap" To Be Released Shortly

Acharya 'Art Productions' first film, "Kunwara Bap" a romantic comedy, is to be released at Lamington Talkies on July 18.

Produced by Mr. N. R. Acharya, director of many successful films, like "Kangan", "Bandhan" and "Naya Sansar", "Kunwara Bap" is a picture with unlimited audience appeal. There are many good situations of humour which are rendered more effective by snappy music, tunes for which were given by the well-known music director, Ramchandra Pal.

"Kunwara Bap" stars Protima Dasgupta, that famous artiste from Bengal, and Kishore Sahu.

Dictates of Fashion

"Fireweed Red" swirling skirted party dress, with vivid green bolero and cummerbund patterned in purest white. Colour contrast is the keynote of the newest fashions.
NUMBER TEN VIRGINIA

Number ten Virginia

JAMES CARLTON LTD. LONDON.

NTA 68

HIND CYCLES LIMITED
HIND
MADE IN BOMBAY INDIA
HIND
INDIA'S OWN
EQUAL TO THE WORLD'S BEST.
Made from best and durable materials, richly plated and enamelled, Hind cycles are a joy to see and a greater joy to ride. Buy one now! Guaranteed best workmanship and lifelong service.
PRICE
Rs. 90 -
F.O.R. DESTINATION
ENQUIRE FROM YOUR CYCLE DEALER OR WRITE TO :—
Showroom: 345, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. 'Phone 28613

HIND CYCLES LTD. 250, WORLI, BOMBAY Managing Agents: BIRLA BROS., LTD.

MUTT AND JEFF—A Diaper Is a Diaper in Any Language

By BUD FISHER

?
GOSH, WE CAN'T LEAVE A LITTLE BABY LIKE THIS HERE ALL ALONE!
WELL, I'LL GIVE YOU A HAND CARRYING IT TO THE TENT, BUT THAT'S ALL!
SURE! I'LL TAKE CARE OF THE LITTLE TIKE!
FROM NOW ON IT'S YOURS, PAL!
SURE, IT'S EASY ENOUGH TO RAISE A LITTLE BABY-- JUST FEED IT MILK AND ---
HEY, MUTT! WHAT DO YOU DO IN A CASE LIKE THIS?
2-28

MILLIONS SAVED

Why Not You?

If you are quite hopeless after taking treatment of many attractively advertising physicians, consult at once world-famous and well experienced Dr. Z. M. Rai, M.D.H. First (London) Regtd. First Class Gold Medalist who in reality is the only doctor to cure nervous debility, sexual weakness, wet dreams, Gonorrhoea, Syphilis and Piles within a week with guarantee without operation.

ORIENTAL DISPENSARY

Sandhurst Road, near Diamond Talkies, Opp. Municipal Garden Bombay 4.

TIME: 8 to 12, 4-30 to 6-30.

ARE YOU INTERESTED TO BUILD UP YOUR INDUSTRIES IN YOUR OWN WAY

INDUSTRY

The Monthly Magazine of Technology and Trade

will help you to find out ways as it is doing for thousands for over thirty-two years.

Yearly subs. Rs. 4/-, Free delivery; Single copy As. 6. Manager, INDUSTRY, 22, R. G. Kar Road, Calcutta.

FILARIA

Though dreaded is a curable disease. Try

Arseno Typhoid

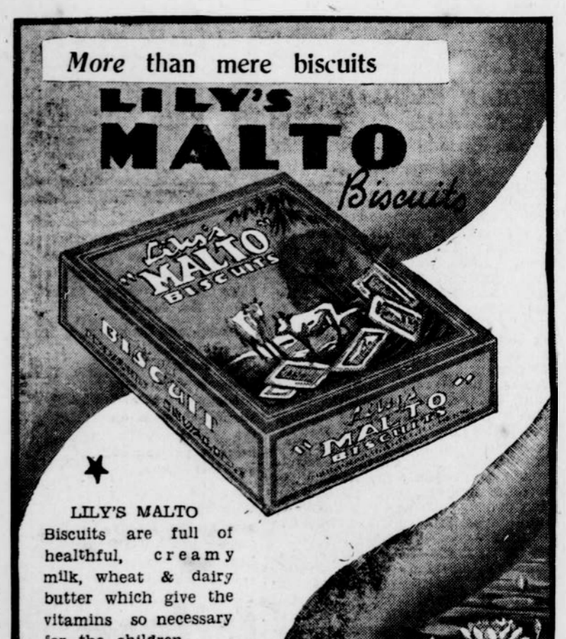
the well tried remedy for ELEPHANTIASIS. Filarial Scrotum Legs, Hands, Breasts, etc. Goods available from all Chemists. Leaflets free.

CALCUTTA CLINICAL RESEARCH

6, Chowringhee, CALCUTTA.

"GANDHI ASTROLOGER"

on family, love, profession etc. Lucky numbers, days by Monthly details 1 year Rs. 3 Weekly Rs 10. Five Answers Re 1 V.P. As. 5. State sex, age and writing time. Hanuman Jothisha Ashramam. Tiruttani, S. India.


More than mere biscuits
LILY'S
MALTO
Biscuits
LILY'S MALTO BISCUITS
LILY'S MALTO BISCUITS
LILY'S MALTO BISCUITS

3 BOOKS FREE

Give us your address either on telephone (No. 34059) or by a postcard or else call on us and ge. FREE copies of (1) The Rational Way to Superb Mannood by Dr. Gambers; (2) Children by Choice by Dr Gambers; and (3) Physical Fitness for Marriage

Thousands have benefited by reading these booklets; why not you? Therefore ring up, write or call for these THREE VITAL BOOKLETS this very moment.

Brijmohan & Co., Pfaff (Opp Lakshmi Bldg.) Phirozeshaw Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay. 1. Telephone 34059

Saturday, July 11, 1942

Regd. No. B 1065 Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

Surajmal for Diamonds

359 Kalbadevi, BOMBAY

BANISH Cough PERMANENTLY

KASPHO cures cough by removing the cause.

If you use remedies that merely suppress cough the infection spreads deeper and deeper and leads to serious Lung diseases. Change to KASPHO at once. It's a unique formula of Vasaka in combination with other ingredients, that has brought permanent relief to cough sufferers where other remedies have either failed or aggravated trouble.

It is safe and pleasant to taste.

Available at all Chemists.

Kaspho

MIRACLE COUGH-CURE TABLETS

AYURVEDASHRAM PHARMACY LD AHMEDNAGAR

BRANCHES. Girgaum, Dadar, Kalbadevi Road. Also at Poona, Amraoti & Hubli. For Madras Presidency & Nizam Dominions: Deccan Ayurvedashram Pharmacy Ltd., Secunderabad (Deccan), Sultan Bazar, Hyderabad (Deccan).

MENSO

Brings back menstrual flow in a day, no matter why and how long suppressed. Rs. 2|- LIBERTY—safest birth control. Rs. 2|- Dr. C. Bhattacharjee, H.M.D. 40 years experienced 120, Ashutosh Mukherjee Rd. 264, Dasasswamedn Rd Benares.

AMICO TILA

A Scientific Ointment to cure "SEXUAL DEBILITY"

It is an absolutely harmless preparation based on combined ancient and modern science The active principles of substances recognised best for correction of the dead centres of the Sex-apparatus have been employed in its composition Literature free on application.

Price per tube Rs. 2/- 3 tubes Rs. 5/8 Postage extra.

Sole Agents:
AMIN & ISMAIL
Chemists & Druggists,
FATEHPURI DELHI.

Inhuman Nazi Atrocities In Occupied Russia

Molotov's Statement Reveals Mass Shootings, Rapes, Tortured Deaths of War Prisoners And Burning Alive Of Citizens

Following are further instalments of M. Molotov's statement on German atrocities in occupied Russia:—

According to incomplete data the German invaders executed over 28,000 peaceful residents in three Byelo Russian towns, alone, 5,000 persons in Vitebsk, 10,000 in Pinsk and over 12,000 in Minsk. Hundreds of thousands of Ukrainians, Russians, Jews, Moldavians and peaceful citizens of other nationalities were murdered in Ukrainian towns.

INHUMAN RAPES.

In the Byelo Russian village of Kholmy, in the Mogilev region, the Nazis caught six girls between 15 and 17 years of age, raped them, cut on their breasts, gorged out their eyes and then murdered them. The Germans seized a young girl, Aksenova, member of a collective farm, and tied her feet to the tops of two bent trees which tore her asunder. On January 9, 1942, shortly before their retreat under the blows of the Red Army from the village of Ksty, in the Kalinin region, The S.S. troops forcibly gathered all the old folk, women and children at the village outskirts, ordering the mothers to bring along their children, and then proceeded to murder one child after another before the eyes of the mothers there. One S.S. man wrested her two-year-old son from a peasant woman, Garayeva, and before her eyes smashed his head against a post and shot her two daughters aged six and seven. The same fate befell many other children, after which about 70 women and old folk were driven to the barns and burnt alive.

Along the whole line of the front from the Arctic Ocean to the Black Sea, bodies of Soviet war prisoners tortured to death have been found. On March 2 and 6, 1942, on the Crimean front in the area of height 66.3 in the village of Dzhantora, our troops found nine bodies of captured Red Army men so savagely mutilated by the Nazis that only two bodies could be identified. In the village of Krasnoperovo, in Smolensk, advancing Red Army units found the naked bodies of 20 Red Army men and commanders without a single wound inflicted on them by fire arms. They had all been stabbed to death with knives.

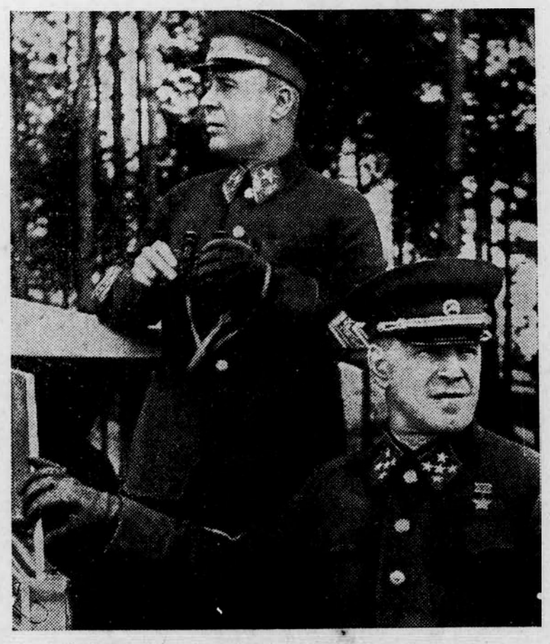
In the same district in the village of Babayevo the Nazis put 58 captured Red Army men and two girl stretcher-bearers beside a haystack and set fire to it. When the prisoners attempted to escape from the fire, the Germans shot them.

RED ARMY RESISTS.

In a well-known Order of the Day issued by the People's Commissar for Defence, Stalin, dated February 23, 1942, Soviet Government stated that the peoples of the Soviet Union and Red Army "do not entertain any racial hatred for other peoples including the German people", that our Red Army has been brought up "in a spirit of equality of all peoples and races, and in a spirit of respect for the rights of other peoples"; that the Red Army "does not and cannot have such idiotic aims as the extermination of the German people and destruction of the German State."

With all the more justification and all the more right the Red Army and Navy will smite and exterminate the Nazi invaders, defending the freedom and happiness of the peoples of our country against the German imperialists. Let Hitler and Hitlerite brigands set themselves such ridiculous aims as the enslavement of the peolpes of the Soviet Union and destruction of the Soviet State. In exposing to the whole world the heinous deeds of the Nazis expressed in countless crimes of plunder, destruction, devasatation, atrocities, outrages, violence and mass murders perpetrated in the occupied Soviet districts and imparting this information to all Governments with which the Soviet Union maintains diplomatic relations, the Government of the Soviet Union on behalf of the peoples of the Soviet Union States: Hitler's Government and its accomplices will not escape severe responsibility and deserve punishment for all their unparalelled crimes perpetrated against the peoples of the U.S.S.R. and against all freedom-loving peoples.

(Concluded.)



This picture, taken on the Russian Central Front, shows Marshal Timoshenko (left) C.-in-C. of the Southern Front, and General Gregory Zhukov, C.-in.-C. of the western sector of the Central Front, which includes Moscow. Zhukov, who is Vice-Commissar for Defence and Chief of the Soviet General Staff, and is Russia's greatest fortress and defence work expert, was formerly Commander at Kiev. Marshal Timoshenko defended Moscow for three weeks against General von Bock's massed might. He is now facing the terrific Nazi onslaught on the Don Front.

Under Heel Of Jap Jackboot

Trade Goods Frozen: Citizens Restricted In New Guinea

MELBOURNE, July 10.

A glimpse of life under Japanese domination in the New Guinea area is given by copies of proclamations which have reached Australia.

Commander Kavieng of the New Ireland garrison whose English is fairly good proclaimed on February 12 the freezing of trade goods adding, "Every citizen shall hoist the Japanese flag as a token of allegiance to the Japanese empire.

Everyone shall bow his head (making Keirei) whenever he sees Japanese soldiers. Every citizen is required to learn the Japanese language in the earliest possible time. Any breach of the above orders is punishable."

A proclamation by the Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese navy forbids listening to the radio, intercepting messages, publishing printed matters, writing to each other, meetings, photographing and going out at night.

The propagation of religion is "prohibited too for some time. A proclamation orders acceptance of the yen at the exchange rate of a florin, and forbids hoarding.—Reuter.

JAP SUBMARINES SANK 3 ALLIED SHIPS NEAR MOZAMBIQUE

LONDON, July 10.

In connection with the British occupation of the French Island of Mayotte, it is recalled that Japanese submarines have been reported as being active in the Mozambique Channel of late and recently three Allied merchantmen were sunk within 24 hours. —Reuter.

The U. P. Governor has decided not to hold general elections in municipal and district boards of U. P. which are due to be held this year.

JAWAHAR ACCEPTS U. P. CONGRESS PRESIDENTSHIP

WARDHAGANJ, July 9.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has accepted the presidentship of the United Provinces Provincial Congress Committee owing to the arrest of Mr. Krishnadutt Paliwal, the President of the Committee.

In a statement issued in this connection Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru says:—

"Owing to the arrest of the President of the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee I have been charged by the Provincial Congress Executive to act on his behalf. I have undertaken this burden of responsibility with some hesitation as I have already enough work to do. But I could not say 'no' when a large number of our colleagues in our small Executive Council had already been arrested and sentenced or detained in prison. Seven of these have already gone in this way, including our President and a Secretary and one most respected of our members and colleagues, till lately our vice-President, Maulana Husain Ahmad Madni of Deoband.

"Maulana Husain Ahmad's arrest came as a special surprise for his main activities are those of the head of a famous educational institution. But nothing really can surprise us in the U.P.

"Because of all this and more that is likely to happen the presidentship of the U. P. P. Congress Committee is a difficult office. But I know my colleagues and a thousand Congress workers in the U.P. and relying upon them I have assumed the burden. To them I make an appeal in these days of deep and enveloping crisis to hold together, be disciplined and be prepared for all sacrifices in the great cause we have at heart."—United Press.

INCENDIARY BOMBS IN CINEMA HALLS

JOHANNESBURG, July 10.

Incendiary bombs of a similar type to those which caused the destruction of the Danish Pavilion in the Liberty Cavalcade Exhibition in May were found in five Johannesburg Cinemas on Thursday night. There was some damage to the seating. No arrests have so far been made.—Reuter.

PROBLEM BEFORE ALLAHABAD CONGRESS MUNICIPAL PARTY

(From Our Correspondent).

ALLAHABAD, July 9.

A difficult situation has arisen in the Municipal Board here about the position of the Congress Party in the Board. Certain orders have been issued under the Defence of India Rules calling upon the Municipal Board to carry out certain projects as A.R.P. measures.

The normal procedure is for the Government to send the suggestions to the Board and ask it to act on them. The Congress Party in the Board does not oppose any A.R.P. measures being taken but its objection appears to be that the Board will have no controlling voice in the matter and this is against the principles of local self-Government.

Another difficulty is stated to be that unless Government gives a big grant for carrying out these projects, the Municipal Board may have to impose fresh taxation on the people or increase the existing ones, or in the alternative cut down its expenditure on certain utility departments of the Board. There is a view in the Congress Party that it should resign under these circumstances from the Board. The question has been referred to the Municipal Congress Party Control Board of which Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Babu Purshottamdam Tandon are members.

Tributes To Spender And Ghosh

A meeting of the Executive Council of the Indian Journalists' Association, Calcutta, was held at the Commercial Museum Hall, Sjt. Mrinal Kanti Bose presided. The following among other resolutions were adopted.

1. This meeting places on record its sense of sorrow and of loss to journalism at the death of Mr. J. A. Spender, the well-known journalist and author, who had come to India in 1926 and addressed a special meeting of this Association on the 26th February, 1926, his subject being "Problem of Indian journalism".

2. This meeting records its grief at the bereavement of Sjt. Janaki Ghosh, Editor, "Advance", and a member of the Association on the death of his wife and offers its deep sympathy to him.

3. This Association places on record its strong disapproval of the amendment of Rule 34 of the Defence of India Rules by which restrictions of such a severe character have been imposed on the press as to make it virtually impossible for the newspapers to publish the most authentic and reliable reports about the misconduct even of individual soldiers except when these have been officially authorised which, according to the experience of journalists, is seldom done.

WAR PRISONERS IN HONG KONG

Japanese Reply To Enquiries By Protecting Powers

NEW DELHI, July 9.

Japan has now officially replied to the representations made in April by the protecting powers regarding conditions and sickness prevailing among Allied prisoners of war in Hong Kong, says a Press Communique.

The Japanese authorities state that an outbreak of dysentery occurred in January among Indian troops but it was controlled by the local authorities in the area. Dysentery cases numbered 250 and there were 1,150 other patients receiving medical treatment, mostly wounds.

During February illness among the troops had been reduced to 784 cases including 232 dysentery. A number of cholera cases were reported among Japanese soldiers and Chinese civilians but this disease did not spread among the prisoners of war. March figures were 483 cases of illness, including 92 dysentery.

Continuing, the Japanese authorities state that there was a shortage of rations immediately after the occupation of Hong Kong. This had now been remedied and prisoners were now receiving rations similar to those given to the Japanese. These rations include tobacco. The Japanese add that the prisoners are receiving free clothing.—A. P.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

Mr. H. F. Knight, Adviser to Government, inaugurated a new method of approach. In response to a suggestion made to him that the Press would appreciate more personal contact with Government, he held his first informal Press Conference yesterday. The result of this informal talk was that the Press was able to get many questioned answered and points of view were exchanged with a view to alleviate the hardships that prevail at the present time. Mr. Knight wished to emphasise that it would help Government very much in their efforts to control prices if the public co-operated with Government and reported such cases where prices higher than maximum were charged or where a retailer refused to give a cash memo—. If the party so desired, his name would be kept confidential but it would enable the Government to make inquiries. At the moment there are so many shops that unless Government knew where the law was being broken, it cannot act. Mr. Knight said he hoped to open another fifty grain shops this month, but that difficulties to training staff required for these had caused delay. The position regarding kerosene, he explained, was that the province's supply just had to be cut down by forty per cent, because of shortage. It was something over which no one had any control. It had resulted from the war. Transport still remains the chief obstacle, though efforts were being made to tackle this.

* * *

It is possible to presume that Government will make use of propaganda to tell the people how to accommodate themselves to wartime conditions. Possibly the National War Front advertisements, instead of welcoming the Royal Duke, will henceforth be utilised to tell the people how to co-operate to solve this acute problem. Also the Film Advisory Board may tackle the subject.

* * *

Exclusive to the Half Column:—"WORLD COMBAT", the FAB picture which was disallowed by the Board of Censors, has now definitely been shelved. It will probably be bought over by Max Sennet after the war to be released as a comic. What a state of affairs that a Government Department entrusted with propaganda fails to pass the elementary requirements of censorship.

* * *

I have just bought a copy of "The Promised Day is Come." The title intrigued me and I have always wanted to find out something about Bahaism of which I had vaguely heard. This book is by an Egyptian, Shoghi Effendi, and is republished in India by Mani Mehta at the "Times of India" press. I haven't read it yet, but I am willing to read anything that would lead me to the promised day.

* * *

G. A. Moledina writes:

"Dear Dim, I believe there is nothing unusual if Hindus open a swimming bath for the special use of their community."

I agree, it is nothing unusual, but I think it is unhealthy. That's all I am saying.

"INDIAN SECURITY"—A NIGHTMARE TO NAZIS Berlin Envies Nippon's Far Eastern Blitz

BERNE, (By Mail).

A story is current in diplomatic circles in Berne that certain recent references of Dr. Goebbles, the Nazi Propaganda Minister about India was the cause of some misunderstandings between Tokyo and Berlin and that the same has been patched up. The story goes that the lightning victories of Japan in East Asia caused some heartburn to her partner in Europe and some members of the German High Command entertained some apprehensions and misgivings about Nippon. Soon after the fall of Burma Dr. Goebbles from his office in the neo-classical Voss Palace made a broadcast, probably meant only for German hearers, expressing his deep concern about the security of India. He is reported to have declared:—"I tremble at the Security of India"—the remark was evidently directed against Japan. When the Japanese Embassy in Berlin confirmed this, Tokyo, it is gathered did not like this kind of remark from the German propaganda Minister. It is learnt that Eugen Ott, the German Ambassador in Tokyo, who is most influential with Premier Tojo, had some difficulties in clearing the misunderstandings. —India Press Service.

FIRST SUCCESSFUL MANUFACTURE IN INDIA

ALECRIN (equivalent to and alternative of Atebrin and Quinacrin) for MALARIA has been manufactured and issued into the market from BENGAL IMMUNITY RESEARCH LABORATORY, CALCUTTA.

CONTRACT TREATMENT OF LEPROSY & LEUCODERMA

Mrs. AMIYABALA DEVI (Medalist) 'AMIYAKUTIR', Dinajpur (E.B. Ry.)

Cuticura

SOAP

One sure way to keep your skin in health, with its natural beauty and radiance, is by a daily antiseptic cleansing with Cuticura Soap.

FOR TENDER SKINS

Take WATERBURY'S COMPOUND

FOR GOOD RECOVERY after illness

When you are convalescing after malaria typhoid or other energy-wasting diseases, remember Waterbury's Compound is a tonic food which helps you to recover perfect health, regain lost energy.

Waterbury's Compound is rich in iron, copper with malt and liver extracts, vital elements which build strength, vigour and vitality. It tones up the entire system, helps to put you on your feet once again.

Begin taking Waterbury's Compound today. Ensure future health and happiness. Two sizes —8 oz. and 16 oz. bottles.

WATERBURY'S COMPOUND TO KEEP YOU FIT

CHARLIE CHAN — UPSIDE DOWN SHINE — By ALFRED ANDRIOLA

DESPITE STEVE CARSON'S INTERCESSION FOR HIS SON, LADDIE, THE HAWK HAS SECRETLY ORDERED HIS MEN TO GET RID OF THE LAME BOY...
LET'S GO IN THE NEXT ROOM AND TALK THIS OVER!
THE HAWK SAYS THAT KID IS DANGEROUS-BUT WE MUSTN'T LET STEVE KNOW!
THEY'VE GONE OUT, BUT THE DOOR IS LOCKED AND IT'S TOO HIGH TO JUMP FROM THE WINDOW!
THE FAT MAN FORGOT TO PUT ON HIS SHOES! — SAY, I'VE GOT AN IDEA!
I HAD THIS BOX OF SHOE POLISH IN MY POCKET! NOW WATCH!
WHY YOU'RE PUTTING THE POLISH ON THE SOLES AND HEELS OF HIS SHOES! HA-HA-HA!
5-20
© McNaught Syndicate, Inc.

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.